The Argus

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☞ Letters and contributions, by mail, shall have prompt attention.

J. WEYAND, Editor & Proprietor.

RAILROADS.

PITTS. FT. W. & C. R. R.

On and after July 29, 1866, Trains will leave Stations daily, Sundays excepted, as follows: (Train leaving Chicago at 5.35 P. M. leaves daily.)

TRAINS GOING WEST.

	Exp's.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Exp's.
Pittsburg	210PM	645AM	205AM	1100PM
Rochester	520 "	820 "	315 "	1210AM
N. Brighton	530 "	830 "	322 "	.... "
Enon	913 "	923 "	350 "	1257 "
Columbiana	952 "	1008 "	427 "	.... "
Salem	519 "	1045 "	450 "	152 "
Alliance	615 "	1150 "	538 "	230 "
Canton	705 "	1242PM	614 "	316 "
Massillon	726 "	102 "	631 "	333 "
Orrville	805 "	145 "	700 "	410 "
Wooster	835 "	222 "	728 "	443 "
Loudonville	932 "	328 "	802 "	547 "
Mansfield	1025 "	425 "	842 "	645 "
Crestline Ar.	1100 "	500 "	910 "	720 "
Crestline De.	1155 "	620 "	940 "	735 "
Bucyrus	1125AM	650 "	1008 "	800 "
N. Sandusky	107 "	730 "	1048 "	834 "
Forest	140 "	801 "	1119 "	901 "
Limn	800 "	920 "	1234PM	1005 "
Delphos	836 "	955 "	112 "	1036 "
Van Wert	405 "	1028 "	144 "	1103 "
Fort Wayne	545 "	1150 "	330 "	1235PM
Columbia	628 "	1235AM	415 "	114 "
Huntsville	.... "	.... "	.... "	.... "
Pierceton	.... "	.... "	.... "	.... "
Warsaw	720 "	130 "	507 "	159 "
Bourbon	.... "	.... "	.... "	.... "
Plymouth	819 "	235 "	609 "	254 "
Wanatah	.... "	.... "	.... "	.... "
Valparaiso	958 "	415 "	758 "	426 "
Hobart	.... "	.... "	.... "	.... "
Clarke	.... "	.... "	.... "	.... "
IHC.RR.Cros	.... "	.... "	.... "	.... "
R Isl.RR J'n.	.... "	.... "	.... "	.... "
Chicago	1130 "	600 "	930 "	600 "

TRAINS GOING EAST.

	Exp's	Exp's.	Ex 'g	Exp's.
Chicago	440AM	720AM	535PM	1020PM
R.Isl.RR June	.... "	.... "	.... "	.... "
Ill C.RR Cros	.... "	.... "	.... "	.... "
Clarke	.... "	.... "	.... "	.... "
Hobart	.... "	.... "	.... "	.... "
Valparaso	638 "	905 "	713 "	1245AM
Wanatah	.... "	.... "	.... "	.... "
Plymouth	838 "	1033 "	836 "	235 "
Bourbon	.... "	.... "	.... "	.... "
Warsaw	947 "	1328 "	928 "	345 "
Pierceton	.... "	.... "	.... "	.... "
Huntsville	.... "	.... "	.... "	.... "
Columbia	1043 "	1217PM	1008 "	446 "
Fort Wayne	1150 "	120 "	1055 "	615 "
Van Wert	107PM	226 "	1156 "	737 "
Delphos	142 "	255 "	1226AM	814 "
Limn	224 "	325 "	1252 "	848 "
Forest	248 "	433 "	153 "	1016 "
N Sandusky	421 "	459 "	215 "	1048 "
Bucyrus	512 "	538 "	5249 "	1155 "
Crestline Ar.	545 "	605 "	310 "	1230PM
Crestline De	600AM	630 "	320 "	130 "
Mansfield	635 "	701 "	347 "	200 "
Londonville	732 "	745 "	425 "	245 "
Wooster	850 "	835 "	508 "	335 "
Orrville	900 "	903 "	531 "	400 "
Massillon	940 "	937 "	558 "	435 "
Canton	1002 "	957 "	615 "	454 "
Alliance	1115 "	1050 "	715 "	555 "
Salem	1200 "	1125 "	747 "	627 "
Columbiana	1231PM	1147 "	810 "	652 "
Enon	122 "	1222AM	845 "	728 "
N. Brighton	217 "	.... "	922 "	808 "
Rochester	235 "	110 "	935 "	820 "
Pittsburgh	350 "	220 "	1040 "	930 "

Erie and Pittsburg Express Train leaves New Castle at 4:05 p.m., arrives in Pittsburg at 6:35 p.m. Returning leaves Pittsburg at 5:50 a.m., arrives in New Castle at 8:5 a.m.

New Castle and Pittsburg Accommodation Train leaves New Castle at 7:00 a.m., arrives in Allegheny at 9:45 a.m. Returning leaves Allegheny at 2:25 p.m., arrives in New Castle at 6:15 p.m.

F. R. MYERS, Gen. Ticket Ag't.

CLEVE. & PITTS. RR.

On and after July 30, 1866, trains will leave stations daily, Sundays excepted, as follows.

GOING SOUTH.

	Mail.	Exp's	Mail.	Accom
Cleveland	810AM	240PM	340PM	.....
Euclid street	821 "	251 "	353 "	.....
Hudson	925 "	345 "	500 "	.....
Akron	.....	.....	.....	.....
Orrville	.....	.....	.....	.....
Millersburg	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ravenna	1000 "	415 "	536 "	.....
Alliance	1055 "	500 "	630 "	.....
Bayard	1127 "	535 "	.....	.....
Wellsville	105 PM	655 "	.....	.....

GOING NORTH.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Accom	Exp's.
Wellsville	845AM	415PM	.....	.....
Bayard	1017 "	535 "	.....	.....
Alliance	1115 "	602 "	630AM	.....
Ravenna	1106 "	646 "	728 "	.....
Millersburg	.....	.....	.....	.....
Orrville	.....	.....	.....	.....
Akron	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hudson	1243PM	721 "	812 "	.....
Euclid street	147 "	819 "	921 "	.....
Cleveland	200 "	839 "	935 "	.....

GOING EAST.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Accom
Bellaire	1040AM	610AM	405PM	.....
Bridgeport	1050 "	625 "	415 "	.....
Lagrange	1139 "	721 "	510 "	.....
Steubenville	1158 "	743 "	528 "	.....
Wellsville	125 PM	845 "	710 "	610AM
Smith's Ferry	147 "	907 "	732 "	645 "
Beaver	217 "	.....	.....	738 "
Rochester	225 "	950 "	805 "	745 "
Pittsburgh	340 "	1105 "	915 "	900 "

GOING WEST.

	Exps.	Exp's.	Mail.	Accom
Pittsburgh	155PM	435PM	610AM	350PM
Rochester	300 "	545 "	725 "	445 "
Beaver	.....	.....	733 "	455 "
Smith's Ferry	336 "	628 "	805 "	544 "
Wellsville	420 "	715 "	840 "	630 "
Steubenville	528 "	813 "	950 "	.....
Lagrange	543 "	839 "	1010 "	.....
Bridgeport	627 "	917 "	1105 "	.....
Bellaire	650 "	930 "	1125 "	.....

TUSCARAWAS BRANCH.

Leaves	Arrives
N. Philadelphia 6.50 a m	Bayard, 9.55 p m.
Bayard, 11.45 a m,	N. Philadel. 2.35 P. M

F. R. MYERS, General Ticket Agent.

J. R. HARRAH,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

COLLECTIONS and other business will receive prompt attention. Also legally authorized agent for the collection of back pay, pensions, bounty and all soldiers' claims.

☞ Office, District Attorney's office, Court House, Beaver, Pa. aug22,'66—1y.

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NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

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Special notices 25 per cent. addition to regular rates.

Business cards, 75 cents a line, per year

Marriages and Deaths, Religious, Political and other Notices of a public nature, free.

THE FACTORY GIRL.

BY AMY RANDOLPH.

It was a little studio, quite at the top of the house. Upon the easel that occupied the post of honor in the middle of the room, a piece of canvass glowed with the soft tints of a spring landscape, and Frank Seymour stood before it, palette in hand, his large brown eyes dreamy with a sort of inspiration.

In a comfortable easy chair by the door sat a plump, rosy little female, in a lace cap with plenty of narrow, white satin ribbon fluttering from it, and a silver grey poplin dress—Mrs. Seymour, in fact, our artist's mother, who had just come up from the very basement to see how Frank was getting along.

"Here, mother," said the young man, with an enthusiastic sparkle in his eyes, "just see the way that sunset light touches the topmost branches of the old apple tree. I like the brown, subdued gold of that tint; it somehow reminds me of Grace Teller's hair."

Mrs. Seymour moved a little uneasily in her chair.

"Yes, it's very pretty; but it strikes me, Frank, you are lately discovering a good many similitudes between Miss Teller and your pictures."

Frank laughed good-humoredly.

"Well, mother, she is pretty."

"Yes, I don't deny that she's pretty enough."

"Now, mother, what's the meaning of that ambiguous tone?" demanded the young artist, pleasantly. "What have you discovered about Miss Grace Teller that isn't charming and womanly and loveable?"

"Frank, do you know who she is?"

"Yes, I know that she's a remarkable pretty girl, with a voice that sounds exactly like the low, soft rivulet where I used to play when I was a boy."

"Nonsense," said Mrs. Seymour, sharply.

"Well, then, if you're not satisfied with my description of her as she is, would you like to know what she will be?"

Mrs. Seymour looked puzzled.

"Mother, I think she will one day be my wife!"

"Frank! Frank! are you crazy?"

"Not that I know of," said Frank, composedly, squeezing a little deep blue on his palette out of a dainty tin tube, and mixing it, thoughtfully.

"We know so little about her," tho't Mrs Seymour. "To be sure, she is visiting Mary Elton, and Mary belongs to a very good family, if she *does* live in half a house, and take in fine embroidery for a living But then she has no style at all compared with Cynthia Parker and Cynthia always did fancy our Frank Then, moreover, she has five or six thousand dollars of her own. But, dear me! a young man in love is the most headstrong creature alive!"

Mrs. Seymour mused a while longer, and then put on her mouse-colored silk bonnet and gray shawl and set out upon a tour of investigation.

"I'll find out something about Miss Teller, or I'll know the reason why," thought the indefatigable widow.

Miss Grace Teller was "at home," helping Mary Elton in an elaborate piece of fine embroidery. The room where the two girls sat was very plain, carpeted with the cheapest ingrain and curtained with very ordinary pink and white chintz; yet it looked snug and cheery, for the fat blackbird was chirping noisily in the window, and a stand of mignionette and velvet blossomed pansies gave a very delicate refinement to the details of every day life.

Mary Elton was pale thin, and not at all pretty, though there was a tremulous sweetness about her mouth that seemed to whisper that she might have been very different under different circumstances. Grace Teller was a lovely blonde, with large blue eyes, rose leaf skin, and hair whose luminous gold fell over her forehead like an aureole.

As Mrs. Seymour entered a deeper shade of pink stole over Grace's beautiful cheek, but otherwise she was calm and self-possessed, and readily parried the old lady's interrogatories.

"Very warm this morning," said the old lady, fanning herself. "Do they have as warm weather where you come from, Miss Teller?",

"I believe it is very sultry in Factorville," said Grace, composedly taking another needleful of white silk.

"Factorville? Is that your native place? Perhaps, then, you know Mr. Parker—Cynthia Parker's father—who is superintendent in the great calico mills there?"

"Very well; I have often seen him."

"Are you acquainted with Cynthia?"

"No;—I believe Miss Parker spends most of her time in this city."

"That's very true," said Mrs. Seymour, sagely. "Cynthia often says there's no society worth having in Factorville—only the girls that work in the factory; and Cynthia is very genteel. But—excuse my curiosity, Miss Teller—how did you become acquainted with Mr. Parker, and not with his daughter?"

Grace colored.

"Business brought me in contact frequently with the gentleman of whom you speak, but I never happened to meet Miss Parker."

Mrs. Seymour gave a little start in her chair—she was beginning to see through the mystery.

"Perhaps you have something to do with the calico factory?"

"I have," said Grace, with calm dignity.

"A factory girl!" gasped Mrs. Seymour, growing red and white.

"Is there any disgrace in the title?" quietly asked Grace, although her own cheeks were dyed crimson.

"Disgrace! Oh, no—certainly not; there's no harm in earning one's living in an honest way," returned Mrs. Seymour, absently. The fact was, she was thinking in her inmost mind, "What *will* Frank say!" and anticipating the flag of triumph she was about to wave over him.

"I do not hesitate to confess," went on Grace, looking Mrs. Seymour full in the eyes, "that to the calico factory I owe my daily bread"

"Very laudable, I'm sure," said the old lady, growing a little uneasy under the blue, clear gaze, "only—there are steps and gradations in all society, you know, and—and I am a little surprised to find you so intimate with Miss Elton, whose family is——"

Mary came over to Grace's side, and stooped to kiss her cheek.

"My dearest friend—my most precious companion," she murmered, "I should be quite lost without her, Mrs. Seymour."

The old lady took her leave stiffly, and did not ask Grace to return her call, although she extended an invitation to Mary, couched in the politest and most distinct terms.

"Frank!" she ejaculated, never once stopping to remove shawl or bonnet, and bursting into her son's studio like an express messenger of life and death news, "who do you suppose your paragon of a Miss Teller is?"

"The loveliest of her sex," returned Frank, briefly and comprehensively

"A factory girl!" screamed the old lady at the height of her lungs, "a fac—to—ry girl!"

"Well, what of that?"

"What of that? Frank Seymour, you never mean to say that you would have anything to say to a common factory girl!"

"I should pronounce her a very *uncommon* factory girl," said the young man, with aggravating calmness.

"Frank, don't jest with me," pleaded the poor little woman, with tears in her eyes. "Tell me at once that you will give up this idle fancy for a girl who is in no respect equal to you."

"No—she is in no respect my equal," returned Frank, with reddening cheek and sparkling eye, "but it is because she is in every respect my superior. Grace Teller is one of the noblest women that ever breathed this terrestial air, as well as one of the most beautiful. Mother, I love her, and she has promised to be my wife."

Mrs. Seymour sat down, limp, lifeless and despairing.

"Frank, Frank, I never thought to see my son marry a factory girl!"

And then a torrent of tears came to her relief, while Frank went on quietly touching up the scarlet foliage of a splendid old maple in the foreground of his picture.

"So you are determined to marry me, Frank, in spite of everything?"

Grace Teller had been crying; the dew was yet on her eyelashes, and the unnatural crimson on her cheeks, as Frank Seymour came in, and Mary Elton considerately slipped out "to search for a missing pattern."

"I should rather think so," said Frank, looking admiringly down on the golden head that was stooping among the pansies.

"But your mother thinks me far below you in social position."

"Social position be—ignored! What do I care for social position, so long as my little Gracie has consented to make the sunshine of my home!"

"Yes but, Frank ——"

"Well, but, Grace?"

"Do you really love me?"

For answer he took both the fair, delicate little hands in his, and looked steadily into her eyes.

"Frank," said Grace Teller, demurely, "I'm afraid you'll make a dreadfully strong willed, obstinate sort of a husband."

"I shouldn't wonder, Gracie."

And so the golden twilight faded into a purple softer than the shadow of eastern amethysts, and the stars came out one by one, and still Frank and Gracie talked on, and still Mary Elton didn't succeed in finding that pattern.

Mrs. Seymour was the first guest to arrive at Mrs. Randall's select soiree on the first Wednesday evening in July; the fact was, she wanted a chance to confide her grief to Mrs. Randall's sympathetic ear.

"Crying? Yes, of course I have been crying, Mrs. Randall—I've done nothing but cry for a week."

"Mercy upon us," said Mrs. Randall, elevating her kid gloved hands, "what *is* the matter? I hope Frank isn't in any sort of trouble?"

"My dear," said the old lady, in a mysterious whisper, "Frank has been entrapped—inveigled into the most dreadful entanglement. Did you ever fancy that he, the most fastidious and particular of human beings, could be resolutely determined on marrying—a factory girl?"

Mrs. Randall uttered an exclamation of terrified surprise, and at the same moment a party of guests were announced among whom was Miss Grace Teller, looking rather more lovely than usual.

"Well," thought Mrs. Seymour, as her hostess hurried away to welcome the new comers, "will wonders never cease? Grace Teller at Mrs. Randall's soiree! But I suppose it is all on account of Mary Elton's uncle, the judge. Here comes Mr. Parker and Cynthia—dear me, what a curious mixture our American society is; how they will be shocked to meet Grace Teller!"

Involuntarily she advanced a step or two to witness the meeting Mr. Parker looked quite as much astonished as she had expected, but somehow it was not just the kind of astonishment that was on the programme.

"Miss Grace? *You* here? Why, when did you come from Factorville?"

"You are acquainted with Miss Teller?" asked Mrs. Randall, with some surprise.

"Quite well; in fact, I have had the management of her property for some years. Miss Telfer is the young lady who owns the extensive calico factories from which our village takes its name."

"Dear me!" ejaculated Mrs. Seymour, turning pale, and sinking down upon a divan near her. "Why, they say the heiress of the old gentleman who owned the Factorville property is the richest girl in the county."

"Grace," said Frank, gravely and almost sternly, "what does this mean?"

The blue eyes filled with tears as she clung closer to his arm.

"I can't help owning the calico factories, Frank. Don't you love me just as well as if I didn't?"

"My little deceiver! But why didn't you tell me?"

"Why should I tell you, Frank? It was so nice to leave the heiress behind, and be plain Grace Teller for a while. And when I saw how opposed your mother was to our engagement, a spark of woman's wilfulness rose up within me, and I resolved I *would* maintain my incognito, come what might. Mrs. Seymour," she added, turning archly round and holding out her hand to the discomfitted old lady "didn't I tell you that I owed my daily bread to the factory?"

And poor Mrs. Seymour, for once in her life, was at a loss for an answer.

A Hint for the Benefit of the "Lost Cause."

There are still, if we may believe Southern speakers and journals, a considerable number of men who sincerely desire to break up the Union, and erect an independent nation out of the Southern States. Our readers very well know that we think such men woefully mistaken in their views; but that shall not hinder us from now offering them some suggestions, which, if they were heeded, would at least make the establishment of a Southern confederacy far more possible than it has been in the last fifty years.

If any one in the South is considering the question, what is necessary to make another attempt at revolt successful, we advise him to take a lesson from a struggle which has made some important changes in the map of Europe. Let him inquire what were the causes of the marvellous success of Prussia against Austria.

He will be told by the people who like easy answers, that the needle-gun decided the battle of Sadowa; but the fact is that not half the Prussians were armed with this clumsy breech-loader, about which much unnecessary fuss has been made. He may be told that superior generalship gave victory to the Prussians—but the fact is that the Prussian generals are yet unknown to fame, and that the movements of their armies were directed by telegraph from Berlin. We need not tell a southern man what is the usual fate of armies so controlled.

Or, he may be told that the Prussian strategy was the best. But it is not so. The Prussians were pushed forward contrary to all sound rules of military science. "Main strength and stupidness" seems to have been the animating principle of their strategy. They ought to have been beaten at every step; and if they had even been checked, they must have been destroyed.—Finally, he may think that the Prussian army was better equipped and fed, and better trained; but here again, the fact is that they were not so well drilled; not so well dressed; not so rapid in their movements; and not so well fed as the Austrians They carried no tents, and depended for their food upon the country they marched through.

How, then, did the Prussians in seven days destroy the great empire of Austria? If the "Confederate" will look further he will discover that the Prussians are a united and educated nation, while the Austrian empire was composed of a mass of heterogeneous elements, a number of races, each jealous of the other, and all ruled by a power which denied equal rights, held the liberty and education of the masses to be dangerous to the state, and preferred a system of repression and force to one which would unite all the people and races in one interest.

In Prussia common schools for all the people have been most carefully fostered for many years. In Austria the mass of the people have been kept in ignorance. In Prussia intelligence has been diffused through the whole population; in Austria it has been, so far as possible, confined to a small part of the people—to a class. Thus, in Prussia the population has been gradually moulded to a single character and purpose, for in learning to read, the children of a state learning inevitably something else—a sentiment conveyed in that which they read. But in Austria the state gave no education to the children. It lost that hold upon them, which enabled the common school system of Prussia to rule one coherent nation.

Prussia was thus united; one supreme interest bound together all Prussians, no matter how they disagree in minor questions. When the Prussian army marched to battle, it left no garrison behind, but when the Austrians marched to meet it, the very earth threatened to rise behind them; an unquiet population remained at home, which required garrisons, forts guards, even large detachments to keep it in subordination.

In short, Austria was defeated because half its population desired its defeat; because half its people were to be benefitted by the Prussian victory; because the rulers of Austria had committed the monstrous blunder of so ruling that the heart of the nation was not with them.

Let any candid "Confederate" say if it was not with the Southern States as it was with Austria? Nearly four millions out of eight in the South, during the war, prayed for the defeat and ruin of the Confederacy. They could not help but do so; their liberty, all their hopes of the future, were bound up with the victory of the Union. Let the Confederacy be established, and they would have been relegated to endless ignorance and subjection. Was it not a monstrous blunder, in men attempting so difficult an enterprise, to set half their people as a rock against them?

If, then, any person in the Southern States still labor for another attempt to destroy the Union, we warn them against repeating this blunder. Let them begin by making their population homogeneous; and that they can do only by establishing schools for the children of all; by making the same laws for all; by caring equally for the rights and privileges of all. It is amazing to see men who professedly desire to make a nation of the Southern States, opposing negro education, and insisting that the blacks, one-half their people, shall be an alien and subject race among them forever. Do they imagine, with the Austrian rulers, that that is the best way to prepare for a life-and-death struggle? or that to make a great cause strong it is well to give it enemies at home as well as abroad?

So long as the negro is abused, insulted, kept in ignorance and subjection, in the Southern States, we do not fear a new insurrection. But if with their present spirit we should see the Southern leaders establishing negro schools, fostering education for all classes and races, asserting and establishing equal civil and political rights for the blacks, then we should say to our own people, "Take care; these men have learned something; if they try it again they will be dangerous to us. They are making allies more powerful than England or France; they are gaining over the four millions whose enmity in the late war caused their defeat."—*N. Y. Post.*

Scene at the Death Bed of Mr. Lincoln.

At Carlisle, Pa., recently the Presbyterian Synods of the Old and New Schools being in session at the same place, the two bodies met in communion with great harmony. Rev. Dr. Gurley, pastor of the church in Washington which President Lincoln usually attended, in a speech at the table, gave the following narrative, which has never before been made public:

"When summoned on that sad night to the death bed of President Lincoln, I entered the room fifteen or twenty minutes before his departure. All present were gathered anxiously around him, waiting to catch his last breath. The physician, with one hand upon the pulse of the dying man, and the other laid upon his heart, was intently watching for the moment when life should cease.

"He lingered longer than we had expected. At last the physician said: 'He is gone; he is dead.'

"Then I solemnly believe that for four or five minutes there was not the slightest noise or movement in that awful presence. We all stood transfixed in our positions, speechless, breathless, around the dead body of that great and good man.

"At length the Secretary of War, who was standing at my left, broke the silence and said, 'Doctor, will you say anything?' I replied, 'I will speak to God.' Said he, 'Do it just now.'

"And there, by the side of our fallen chief, God put it into my heart to utter this petition, that from that hour we and the whole nation might become more than ever united in our devotion to the cause of our beloved, imperilled country.

"When I ceased, there arose from the lips of the entire company a fervid and spontaneous 'Amen.'

"And has not the whole heart of the loyal nation responded 'Amen?'

"Was not that prayer, there offered, responded to in a most remarkable manner? When in our history have the people of this land been found more closely bound together in purpose and heart than when the telegraph wires bore all over the country the sad tidings that President Lincoln was dead?"

REMARKABLE CHANGE OF FRONT.

The Chicago Times Repudiates Andrew Johnson and Comes Out for Universal Suffrage.

[From the Chicago Times of November 12.]

SHALL THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY DIE OR LIVE?

The present is a crisis in the Democratic party which has no precedent in its history, as it is a crisis in the progress of the country which is also without precedent. Never before has the Democratic party encountered events so seriously affecting its future vitality as now. Not that it beholds itself diminished in the magnitude of its numbers,—for it is numerically stronger than it has ever been before,—but that, having been beaten on a great national issue, as to which it believed itself to be wholly right and the opposition wholly wrong, and still so believe, it must nevertheless abandon that issue—for the decision of it is final—and either sit down in helpless and decaying inactivity, or strike boldly out upon a new line, selected with peculiar reference, not to things as we would have them, but to things as they actually are, and in pursuing which line it shall cease to be a hold-back or "conservative" party, and become, what it was in its palmy days, a progressive and an aggressive party. These are the alternatives.

It will not sit down in helpless and decaying inactivity.

What, then, shall the new line be? In the first place, must we not cut loose from the administration of Andrew Johnson, and leave that hybrid concern to float on the sea of public contempt into which it some time since entered, and from which no power can rescue it? Is not the late defeat attributable more largely to this administration than to all other causes combined? What is there in its composition to command popular confidence? Who, belonging to it, is entitled, by reason of his antecedents or of his statesmanship, to the confidence or the respect of the Democratic party? Certainly it is not Andrew Johnson, nor William H. Seward, nor Edwin M. Stanton. True, this administration had a right policy, and the Democratic party, in overlooking the chief men comprising it, and thinking only of the rightfulness of the policy, displayed a patriotism whose purity was never excelled; but the policy having failed,—and having failed, too, through the feebleness and folly and offenses against public propriety of the administration,—why should not the Democratic party abandon the dead body, longer adherence to which is death only to itself?

What next? Can the Democratic party succeed until the negro question shall be gotten out of the way? It cannot. What next? Is not negro suffrage inevitable, and is not the quickest way to get the negro question out of the way to at once concede the suffrage, making issue only on the degree to which it shall be conceded? We know that many Democrats have not reached this advanced view of the case, and that such still feel greatly inclined to revolt at the proposition of negro suffrage in any degree; but let us tell them that it is always wise to accept the inevitable when the inevitable comes. Negro suffrage, we say, is inevitable, and whether it shall be qualified or universal depends upon the promptness or otherwise with which the Democratic party shall move with reference to it. The South will speedily yield qualified negro suffrage upon the motion of the Democratic party; because, if for no other reason, she will soon see, if she does not already see, that if she do not yield it, she will ultimately be compelled to accept universal negro suffrage.

Qualified negro suffrage yielded by the South—and by this we mean impartial suffrage, or suffrage dependent upon the intelligence of the man, irrespective of color, *as is now the rule in Massachusetts,—the negro question will have been disposed of, and the occupation of the Northern Republican Radical party will be gone forever.* Not one inch of ground will it have to stand upon; and the country can once more turn to those material questions of public policy the right disposition of which is so essential to the public prosperity. It will be upon these questions that the Democratic party will triumph, and it will be by this triumph that constitutional government and our federal system will be preserved.

If the South be wise, it will not wait on this suffrage question, even for the motion of the Democratic party. If it be wise, it will lose no time in putting in motion the necessary machinery by which it will at the same time save itself from humiliation, preserve its own self respect, rid the country of the most vexatious questions that ever distracted any country, kill the worst political party that ever existed on the globe, and put the Union in the way of speedy restoration. The machinery consists, of course, in conventions to revise the State Constitutions.

CAVE JOHNSON, a State Senator elect in Tennessee, but not admitted to his seat at the late session of the Legislature, has resigned on account of great age and feeble health. A quarter of a century ago he ranked among the most prominent politicians of his State.

The United States Senator Elect from Oregon.

On Saturday, the 29th of September, both branches of the Oregon Legislature, in Joint Convention, elected Henry W. Corbett United States Senator The final vote was as follows:—Corbett, 38; Nesmith, 4; Smith, 14; Prim, D., 7; Kelly, 5; Whitcaker, 1.—The President of the Senate announced the result: whole number of votes, 69; necessary to a choice, 35, and that Henry W. Corbett, having received a majority of the whole number, was duly elected Senator from the State of Oregon for the full term beginning 4th of March, 1867.

In a speech to a public meeting in Portland, Oregon, on the 1st of October, Mr. Corbett thus defined his position on the question of reconstruction, which leaves no doubt about his being a Radical Republican:

Long did we wait, anxiously did we look and wish for a plan that should meet with our approval for the restoration of those States, with all their political rights, with safety to the Government, justice to them, and that should promise future prosperity to those fertile fields that have been laid waste by tyranny, anarchy and the desolating hand of war. In the Constitutional Amendment submitted to the States by the present Congress, I see embodied all those guarantees and adjustments that will give security and perpetuity to the Union and equal justice to all [Long continued applause.] To that amendment I have given my hearty and unqualified support. [Applause.] I feel that great and fearful responsibility rests upon the man who is to sit in the councils of the nation the next six years during which time we hope once more for a true and permanent Union, the stability of the Government, and, under it, prosperity at home and wholesome respect abroad. [Applause.] It is unnecessary at this time to explain more fully my position, where I am so well known as at my own home, where I have always contended for the Union, the whole Union, and nothing less [loud and long applause], for it, and under the graceful folds of our flag, we are safe. Something is due to the good and brave men that fought our battles during that unholy Rebellion, and I should prove recreant to the trust imposed on me, and all my past life, did I not ask some security for the future, some atonement for the desolate hearths made vacant by the unjust and unwarrantable Rebellion.

Whatever I may do, my fellow citizens, in this matter, rest assured there is a honest purpose to accomplish the best results and to secure us against any similar calamity. [Applause.] We are now fast resuming the garb of peace The soldier is now eagerly watching with anxious eye each cloud that rises in the distant South, to know if it betoken good or evil.—Now and hereafter every Representative will be held to strict account for the manner it which he discharges the important trust committed to his care. I claim there is something due to the majesty of the Government, something due to the well being and good order of society, something to deter people from the attempt to destroy one of the best Governments under the sun, without a just cause. What shall be that pledge? What shall be that guarantee? Nothing less than the adoption of the Constitutional Amendment will satisfy our nation. [Applause.] Whether the people will require more than this from the Southern States it is for them—the people who quelled the Rebellion—to say on what terms they shall be restored to all the rights and privileges of those who have been true to the Union in her darkest days.

"The new Senator was born in Massachusetts, but removed at an early age to Washington county, New York.—He was bred a merchant in New York city. At an early year he came to this coast to seek his fortune, and in February, 1851, he settled in Portland and commenced business as a merchant.—He still maintains a wholesale house here, and has prospered from that day to this. Last spring he took the mail contract between Lincoln, California, and Portland, Oregon; and is now carrying on that great enterprise more successfully than it was ever done. He is still on the younger side of forty—probably thirty-eight years of age—His religious associations are with the Presbyterians. He is an active, industrious man, of good habits and pure life, benevolent, and of excellent repute among his neighbors. He has the good wishes of all who knew him and few will be found to envy him or carp at it.

"The new Senator is an original Republican, and although never in office or politics as a pursuit, yet he has always been active in the councils of the party and liberal with his time and means to advance its prospects and purposes."

MR. WILMER MCCLEAN advertises for sale the house in which Gen. Lee surrendered the army of Northern Virginia to Gen Grant, on the 9th of April, 1865, at Appomattox Court House.

CHICAGO shipped 72,283 barrels of flour and 648,226 bushels of wheat eastward last week.

THE BEAVER ARGUS.

J. WEYAND,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

November 21st, 1866.

The Change of Front.

In our paper of this week will be found a remarkable article from the Chicago *Times*; and as this paper is one of the most influential organs of the Democratic party in this country, its utterances are to be regarded as highly significant. The *Times* not only admits the utter rout of its party in the fall elections, but says also "that, having been beaten on a great national issue, as to which it believed itself to be wholly right, and the opposition wholly wrong, and still so believe, it must nevertheless abandon that issue," and adopt some other as nearly akin as possible to that one against which they were so recently arrayed! As a preliminary to doing so, the *Times* advises the Democracy to cut loose from the administration of Andrew Johnson; to trust no longer to the leadership of Johnson, Seward or Stanton, but to strike out in an entirely "new line," and again bring its own trusted warriors into the foreground. This "new line" embraces the right of suffrage to the negro; and the *Times* argues that sooner or later the ballot will inevitably fall into the black man's hand; and this being as certain as fate, it is highly important that it comes to him from the Democracy. This position, in the estimation of the *Times*, will save the Democratic party; any other will cause it "to set down in helpless and decaying inactivity," and continue to make it the victim of defeats without number. Impartial suffrage—the very Massachusetts kind—is therefore recommended by the *Times* as the *antidote* of the party, and the Democracy are appealed to to forget their old prejudices, buckle their armor on anew, and fight their future battles in behalf of the negro, and not against him as heretofore. This article from the *Times* is stirring up the political waters, and its recommendation is meeting with a vigorous resistance from the party generally; and hence, while it is barely possible that negro suffrage will ever be a plank in the Democratic creed, it is highly probable that the agitation of the question by that party will carry quite a number of its members into the Union ranks. If so, some good, at least will have "come out of Nazareth."

"The Combat Deepens."

The Chicago *Times*, in its article letting loose from the Administration, takes occasion to make some flings at the President that are not received as complacently as one would suppose they would be. A. J. is evidently a "fighting man," and in reply to these flings of the *Times*, his organ, the Washington *Republican*, advises the *Times* and its associates to form a party of their own and no longer force themselves upon the attention, nor into the presence of those who desire to have nothing to do with them. It further tells them that it "is glad that the Copperhead or Democratic party, after violating all their pledges made at the Philadelphia Convention, and after being as a consequence of this violation repudiated in every State except two, have removed the mask," and now come before the public in a light that shows them to be as destitute of principle as they have been profuse in pledges. President Johnson has already learned, we take it, that a political party that was terribly disloyal to the country during the rebellion, is in no sense to be trusted even on political questions when that rebellion has been crushed and peace again reigns throughout the land. Disloyalty and dishonesty go hand in hand, and judging from the recent elections, there are but few truths better understood by the country generally than this one. As the Union party has nothing to lose, nor yet anything to gain in consequence of this rupture between the President and the Democracy, it can, and doubtless will, look upon the quarrel with "serene indifference."

REV. DR. PRESTLEY, the pastor of the Second United Presbyterian Church of Pittsburgh, has just been deposed from the ministry and excommunicated from the church, for misconduct. The charges against him were brought by his wife. They were as follows:

"First—Unkind, cruel and violent treatment of his wife and family.

"Second—Using vulgar and profane language.

"Third—Infidelity to his marriage vows."

After an ecclesiastical trial of two weeks duration, he was found guilty, and the sentence above referred to pronounced upon him. The case now goes before the civil courts on an application for a divorce by Mrs. Prestley.

Playing the Martyr.

The *Local* complains pathetically about the testimony of some of the witnesses in the trial of the case of the Commonwealth vs. James H. Odell, in the court held here last week, and charges perjury upon two of the testifiers at least—Messrs. Shroads and McGregor. In order to make a martyr out of himself, to what degree of folly will the editor of the *Local* not go? He could not prove perjury against these men, for the simple reason that they have committed no offense of this kind; and the charge is only made in the belief that the parties *libelled* will cause Odell's arrest, and give that noted individual and his friends an opportunity of again shrieking "martyrdom." This is the purpose, and the editor of the *Local* has none other in view; for he knows, as does everybody else that is acquainted with either Mr. Shroads or Mr. McGregor, that these gentlemen have *characters for truth and veracity* above suspicion, and that their testimony in any court would be regarded as among the best that could be offered. And yet knowing this he is fool-hardy enough to charge them with a crime, the commission of which, neither himself nor any one else believes! Manifestly, then, *martyrdom* is his objective point; and as we are a little older than he is, we beg his pardon for suggesting that the playing of the political martyr usually pays better *before* an election than it does after the election is held. During a heated campaign party friends usually stand "shoulder to shoulder," and lend a helping hand when one of their number gets into a difficulty while laboring for the common cause; but when the canvass is over each "tub is expected to stand on its own bottom," and every man allowed to manage "his own canoe." Hence, while the "helping hand" was generously extended to our unfortunate neighbor before the election, we warn him now that the sympathetic paw will not come out so readily after the contest is over! Mark that! But if our warning is unheeded, and prosecutions again come, and martyrdom is unappreciated, then "thou canst not say I did it," nor that the alarm had not been duly sounded.

THE voice of the people has been emphatic, and we append a general summary of Republican majorities, which have sustained Congress and made treason odious. Look at the glorious result:

At the October elections	200,000
Massachusetts	70,000
New York	20,000
New Jersey	5,000
Illinois	40,000
Michigan	30,000
Wisconsin	25,000
Missouri	20,000
Kansas	10,000
Minnesota	10,000
Nevada	2,000
Total majority	432,000

With California, Tennessee, and other States added, the popular majority against the President is about half a million of votes.

NO COURT.—Next week there will be no court held in Beaver. The onerous labors of the present week, together with those of past terms have completely worn out the judicial energies of the county.—*Local of last week.*

We think the editor of the *Local* should be the last man in this vicinity to intimate that the "judicial energies" of the county are not what they should be. He has certainly had what business he brought before the court attended to in as prompt a manner as he could desire; and the county generally understands that this business is not only extensive and varied, but costly besides.

THE editor of the *Local* in speaking of his trial last week says:

"There were two or three Democrats on the jury empanneled; (it should not be forgotten that the case was entirely political in all its features) but they (the Democrats) were stricken off by the counsel for the prosecution."

The shortest way to refute this assertion is to call it what it deserves to be called—a lie. There were Democrats on that Jury—John White, Esq., David Cowan and John Wagner, for instance—that have a very respectable standing in the county—a position that but few accuse the editor of the *Local* of having.

MAJ.-GEN. HARTRANFT, the Auditor General of Pennsylvania, who was a few weeks ago appointed a Colonel in the regular army, declines the appointment, and will therefore continue to discharge the duties of the office which he now so creditably fills. The feeble health of his aged father, together with business affairs of a private character, have induced him to refuse the position tendered him in the regular army, by the Secretary of War.

As the jury retired, we were told by scores of persons who had heard the evidence, &c., that Shroads would have the costs to pay. We told them differently.—*Local.*

That jury must have been a long time in going from the box to the room up stairs; for the editor of the *Local* says he was talked to by "scores of persons"—forty, sixty or eighty—while they were doing so!

COURT PROCEEDINGS.—The following cases were disposed of during the Court held in this place last week:

Com. vs. Josiah Patterson et al.—Indicted for forcible entry. Not guilty, and Wm. Brooks, prosecutor, to pay the costs.

Same vs. Washington Gordon. Indicted for assault and battery. Continued.

Same vs. Samuel Reich. Indicted for breaking into a store room in daytime, with intent to commit larceny. Recognizance entered into to appear at Nov. term: Did not appear. Recognizance forfeited.

Same vs James H. Odell. Indicted for assault and battery. Found guilty, and sentenced to pay a fine of $35 and costs of prosecution.

Same vs. Isaac Luda. Indicted for Larceny. Plead guilty and sentenced to pay a fine of $5 and costs of prosecution, and undergo imprisonment in the county jail for a period of three months.

Same vs. Titus Ackerman and Jos. Clingby. Indicted for larceny. Ackerman plead not guilty, and was acquitted. Clingby plead guilty, and was sentenced to pay a fine of $5 and costs of prosecution, and undergo imprisonment in the county jail for a period of three months.

Same vs. Robert Moffitt. Indicted for assault and battery. Found guilty, and sentenced to pay a fine of $5 and costs of prosecution.

Same vs. Henry Poulson. Indicted for assault and battery. Found guilty, and sentenced to pay a fine of $10 and costs of prosecution.

Same vs. Wm. Stewart and Samuel M'Cullough. Indicted for assault and battery. Continued.

Same vs. D. M. Morrison. Indicted for fornication and bastardy. Continued, and recognizance entered into in the sum of $800.

Same vs. A. B. F. Whitney. Indicted for assault and battery. No bill found, and John Reel, the prosecutor, to pay the costs.

Same vs. John Ferguson. Indicted for larceny. Found guilty, and fined $5 and costs of prosecution, and undergo imprisonment in the county jail for two months.

Same vs. John Reel. Indicted for assault and battery. Plead guilty, and entered into recognizance to appear at adjourned court.

Same vs. Henry Poulson. Indicted for assault and battery on oath of his wife, Julia Poulson. Found guilty, and sentenced to pay a fine of $5 and costs of prosecution, and undergo imprisonment in the county jail for two months.

Same vs. same. Surety of the peace, on oath of his wife, Julia Poulson.—Sentenced to pay costs of prosecution, and committed to jail until the sentence is complied with.

Same vs. George Stevens. Indicted for larceny. Found not guilty, and released from custody.

Same vs. John Flowers and others. Indicted for larceny. Found guilty as to Flowers—not guilty as to the others. Motion for a new trial, and recognizance in the sum of $800 entered into.

Same vs. Frederick and George Strawbecker. Indicted for assault and battery. Not guilty.

Same vs. William R. King. Indicted for stealing from his employer. Plead not guilty. On motion of Commonwealth a nolle prosequi was ordered to be entered in the case.

Same vs. Isaac Buchanan. Indicted for being accessory to larceny. Continued to next term, and recognizance entered into in the sum of $200.

Same vs. Richard Doncaster. Indicted for selling liquor to men of intemperate habits. Continued.

Same vs same. Indicted for selling liquor to minors. Continued.

Same vs. same. Indicted for furnishing liquor to men when intoxicated. Continued.

Same vs. David and Mary J. Penny. Indicted for assault and battery. Ignored, and the prosecutor, Sarah Sisco, to pay the costs.

Same vs. Jas. Covert. Indicted for furnishing liquor to minors. Continued.

Same vs. David Penny. Charge of surety of the peace, on oath of Joseph Penny, and Joseph Penny bound in the sum of $50 to appear and prosecute.

Freedmen's Schools in Tennessee.

The Memphis *Post* remarks: The following figures are from reports for October, now in the hands of Gen. Lewis, Assistant Commissioner for the Freedmen's Bureau of this State:

Schools	82
Teachers	123
Pupils in attendance	7323
White teachers	95
Colored teachers	28
Teachers transported	31
Buildings provided by the Bureau	6
Buildings provided by freedmen	17
Schools sustained by freedmen	16
Schools partly sustained by freedmen	8
Sabbath schools	85
Number attending Sabbath schools	3619

The cotton-picking season has called many pupils from the schools to the fields, and the report for the present month will show a considerable increase from the above figures.

The first quarterly report for the year ending October 31, shows 1,890 pupils writing, and the last quarterly report shows 2,799—an increase of 909.

Studying arithmetic, first quarterly report, 2,008; last report, 2,725—increase of 717.

Studying grammar, first quarterly report, 212; last report, 497—increase of 285.

The schools are in a very prosperous condition, and constantly augmenting in number, the freed people evincing great interest in them, and feeling the necessity of the education of their race.

Should the Legislature of Tennessee adopt a free school system for blacks and whites as hoped, the educational efforts of the Bureau and societies will be a great preparation for the efforts of the State.

Titusville Correspondence.

TITUSVILLE, Nov. 10, 1866.

Dear Captain: One cannot take a ride on the rail hereabouts without being forcibly reminded of those terrible times, not so far away as might be, when all the locomotion was through mud, mud, mud! The new railway from Oil City to Irvineton, where it joins the P. & C. R. R., is claimed to be the best built road in the State. It is already receiving a large amount of freight and as passenger travel is increasing. Pittsburgh, which slept so unaccountably long over the completion of the Allegheny Valley R. R., seems to be waking up to the importance of this route, and the prospect now is that early in '67 we shall see the cars going over it. It does seem strange that the far seeing business men of the Iron City should suffer the trade which fairly belonged to them to be turned to other channels, before making an effort to retain it.

The very low price of oil is having the effect of turning unusual attention to the erection of iron tanks and filling them with crude oil, to await that apparently certain rise in price, to the good old figure of five or six dollars per bbl. It would be difficult to find any business to pay better, provided we admit it to be a fact, that oil must advance. An iron tank of the capacity of ten thousand barrels, can be erected for nine thousand dollars. The advance of two dollars per bbl on its contents would be a very fair operation, or in Oil Creek parlance, a big thing.

Since last Spring very many of these tanks have been built, both at Oil City and along the creek. It is estimated that the amount of iron tankage on the creek is about 280,000 barrels.—Add to this 50,000 barrels at Oleopolis, and a like amount at Tidioute, and you will see that preparations are being made to hold a fair supply of the crude for the good time coming.

Inventions are still the order of the day, the majority of improvements being on valves and working-barrels.—The old brass barrels bid fair to be superceded, for the rapidity with which they wear "mid ship" is a great objection to them. The latest and best is a case hardened cast iron barrel, bored perfectly true inside, and proof against wearing from the action of the valve.

A new machine of the torpedo genus has appeared. This consists of a rammer of hard wood, about twelve inches in length, and of a diameter to fit the well. To this is attached stout poles, say two and a half inches thick, put together after the manner of sucker rods. A stout cap is fastened to the upper end, on which a weight of 600 pounds falls, descending some ten or twelve feet. The effect of this blow is to force the rammer down through the water in the well, at the same time forcing the water sideways into any crevices that may be found, opening the mouths of the veins, and clearing them of any accumulation of mud or paraffine which may have collected.—This is to be tried on some well next week. Flowing wells seem to have departed. I believe there are but two now on the creek. The well-nigh universal practice of casing wells is no doubt one reason for this, as when the gas is allowed to come up outside of the tubing, it is impossible for the well to flow.

At Pit Hole they have got up a debating society for "mutual improvement," and the subject for next debate is, "There is more pleasure in anticipation than in reality." Dry hole owners will come in heavy on the affirmation—so will the "Clymers."—Which side will you take? Thine,

PAUL FECIT.

Washington Correspondence.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *Nov.* 16, 1866.

Capt. Weyand—Dear Sir: Having a leisure hour, I concluded I would sit down and converse with an old absent friend. The city of "magnificent distances" is very dull and looking quite uncheery, as many of the old citizens who are still of the Coppery-Johnson stripe, are looking as if all were lost, not only to the city, but to the Government, since the result of the recent elections became known, as no one now doubts for a moment the passage of the negro suffrage bill in the District of Columbia, in some form or other, universal or partial. Johnson seems still inexorable, as I have been informed by good authority that there has been a number of ex Senators and Congressmen here from the South begging of him to urge the South to accept or ratify the amendments to the Constitution, but as yet all seems to be unavailing, as Andy still thinks Congress and the great majority who have repudiated his policy are a stubborn set of fellows. His course reminds me of an incident that occurred many years ago in our own county.—An old citizen by the name of Matthew Brooks, once a juror in an important case stood out for ten days, before (as he alleged) the other eleven stubborn jurors would agree with him in rendering a verdict. But I guess Johnson will not be so successful as he, for the people have an idea that a hundred and fifty Congressmen know nearly as much, and are about as honest as he is. But this state of things cannot last long. The Copperheads begin to feel the importance of a more thorough union of the disloyal elements both North and South, as the time for the election of another President will soon be here; and in order to success, (as they may try to believe awaits them) they must have the Southern members in their seats in Congress. You may remember having heard me some months since express my fears that Johnson's last card to be played would be to embroil us in a foreign war, thinking thereby to unite the nation, and he would become the war candidate for the Presidency. I see it intimated now by an influential Democratic Copperhead paper that is to be the policy of that party, as well as to urge the enfranchisement of the negro race, hoping thereby to use them in the coming Presidential canvas, for they would manage to get the great majority of their votes, by fraud or otherwise, for a time at least, until they became educated to judge between real and assumed friends.—There will be an early move made in Congress to pass a law convening the new (Fortieth) Congress on the 5th day of March next for wise purposes. Every care will be taken by a patriotic Congress of the vital interests of the people against any despotic act of a bad man now in power. He will be held to the strictest account, and made an example of, lest, (if possible) a worse man following him might presume on his success, and really pervert or destroy our republican form of Government entirely. Congress should by all means hold him to a strict account for all his overt acts, thereby deterring all who may follow him from tampering with the sacred rights of a forgiving people.

The great majority of the members are expected here next week.

I remain very truly yours,

A VETERAN.

The Assassins at Tortugas.

A boatswain, formerly of the receiving ship Vermont, named Brogden, who has been a prisoner for nearly a year at the Dry Tortugas, and was recently pardoned, was taken on the Newburn at Key West. He gives a very intelligent and no doubt entirely accurate account of the present condition of the Lincoln assassination conspirators confined at Dry Tortugas—Dr. Mudd, Spangler, O'Laughlin and Arnold. According to his statement Dr. Madd has recovered from the disgrace into which he fell, through his attempt at escape about a year ago by concealing himself in a coal bunker of the Steamer Winfield Scott. It will be remembered that after this fruitless attempt to extend the area of his freedom, he was removed from the medical dispensary, in which he was detailed as an assistant, and compelled to do the most menial work about the prison. He is now returned to his old position, and enjoys even greater confidence than ever, as in addition to dispensing medicines, he acts as the medical attendant upon a good many of the prisoners. Under his present kind treatment and the comforts and liberty allowed him, his health has picked up amazingly, so much so that he is in vastly better health now than when first admitted to the prison. He believes that he will shortly be pardoned, and this opinion is generally entertained by others. Mr. Spangler is, to use the expression of my informant, making money hand over fist at his carpentry work. It seems he has daily his set tasks of work, and this completed, is allowed all he can make beside. Being a rapid and fine workman, he gets his hands full of extra jobs, and, altogether, is doing much better pecuniarily than when doing the carpenter work at Ford's theater. He is a picture of good health, as also are Arnold and O'Laughlin. The two latter are still at work at their old employment. These, as well as Spangler, live in hope of speedy pardon.

The President and Negro Suffrage.

WASHINGTON, November 19, 1866.

The *National Republican* to-day says that President Johnson is in favor of granting suffrage to all colored men, wherever the Constitution gives him the power to do so, who can read and write, or who served honorably in the Union army, or who own property to the extent of two hundred and fifty dollars and upwards. The editor also says: "He authorized us, in behalf of the Chief Executive of the nation, to urge qualified suffrage for the colored men of this district in April last, and at his suggestion, we renewed the proposition again in July, only about one week before Congress adjourned.

WASHINGTON, November 18—It is stated by parties authorized to speak for the Republic of Mexico, that it is the firm intention of President Juarez to order an election in accordance with the Constitution for a President and members of Congress as soon as it shall be practicable to do so. They further assert that President Juarez is not, as his enemies represent him, an ambitious and unscrupulous man, whose only object is to keep himself in power, but that he has remained in office after the expiration of his term, because this was the only way in which he thought the National government of Mexico could be preserved. It is doubtful whether he will allow his name to be used as a candidate for re election, even should his friends urge him to do so.

Distributions.

We would call attention to the opinion of one of the leading papers of Canada on this subject:

Most of our readers have no doubt read some of the numerous advertisements of Gift Enterprises, Gift Concerts, &c., which appear from time to time in the public prints, offering most tempting bargains to those who will patronize them. In most cases these are genuine humbugs. But there are a few respectable firms who do business in this manner, and they do it as a means of increasing their wholesale business, and not to make money.—From such firms, it is true, handsome and valuable articles are procured for a very small sum, and what is more important, no one is ever cheated.—Every person gets good value for his dollar; because, as we have stated, it is intended to act as an advertisement to increase their ordinary business.

We have seen numbers of prizes sent out in this way by SHERMAN, WATSON & COMPANY, of Nassau Street, N. Y., and there is no doubt that some of the articles are worth eight or ten times the money paid for them, while we have not seen or heard of a single article which was not fully worth the dollar which it cost. But this is only one of the exceptions of this rule, for as a general thing the parties engaged in this business are nothing but clever swindlers.—(*Saturday Reader*, Montreal, C. E., Jan. 13, 1866.)

QUEENSWARE—Tea Setts complete, Chamber setts, and a full assortment of plain and figured Stone China, all of first quality, for sale by
nov21 STILES & SHALLENBERGER.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of JAMES BRADEN, late of Raccoon township, Beaver county, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
ELEANOR BRADEN, Executrix.
nov21'66 Raccoon tp.

CEDAR BUCKETS—Patent and Toy Buckets, Clothes Baskets, Market and School Baskets, Butter Bowls, Mop sticks, Rolling-pins, &c., &c., at
nov21 STILES & SHALLENBERGER'S.

SAW MILL AND BOAT YARD FOR SALE.

THE undersigned offers for sale his Saw Mill and Boat Yard, in Industry, Beaver county, Pa. The mill is in good running order, and the Boat Yard is sufficiently large for the building of all classes of boats. If not sold by the 1st of April, 1867, the property will be for rent.
nov21'66 WILLIAM CAIRNS.

FRESH MACKEREL—Extra No. 1 Shore, in ½ barrels and kits, or by the pound; also No. 2 and 3, for sale by
nov21 STILES & SHALLENBERGER.

Executor's Sale.

THERE will be sold at the late residence of Wm. Brittain, dec'd., in Darlington tp., on *Tuesday, November 27th*, 1866, at 10 o'clock, a. m., the following property, to wit: 7 head of Milch Cows, 6 head of young Cattle, 20 head of Sheep, 2 Hogs, 4 Hives of Bees, Corn in the ear, Hay in the Stack, one horse Wagon, 1 Mare and Harness, Farming Utensils, Household and Kitchen Furniture, and various other articles too tedious to mention.
JOSEPH BRITTAIN, Executor.
nov21'66

FINE TEAS—Imperial, Young Hyson, Oolong and Japan Teas, selected, with great care from the choicest brands imported, and sold at the price of ordinary teas, at
nov21 STILES & SHALLENBERGER'S.

Farm for Sale.

THE subscriber offers his Farm, consisting of 260 ACRES OF LAND, for sale.—About eighty acres of said farm is in Pulaski Township, and the balance in New Sewickly Township. The whole farm is under fence, and about one half of it cleared. There is a good frame house and also a good frame barn on the property, together with all other necessary out-buildings. The land is well watered, has two good orchards upon it, is convenient to schools and churches, and is only about five miles from Beaver, the county seat. The farm can be conveniently divided into smaller tracts to suit purchasers.
nov21,'66. JAS. C. FERGUSON.

GLASS DISHES—Best Flint Ware, Tumblers, Goblets, Wine Glasses, &c., &c., at
nov21 STILES & SHALLENBERGER'S.

Strayed or Stolen!

$50 REWARD.

STRAYED or stolen from the subscriber, in Ohio township, on Friday night, Nov. 16, a light bay horse with white hind feet, a black spot on one or both of them, a dim white spot between the eyes, and a white stripe between the nostrils. Has a large head, about sixteen hands high and about five years old. Had on when he broke away a McClellan saddle a new bridle. The above reward will be paid by me for the recovery of the horse.
nov21'66—3t. RALPH E. HERBERT.

Dr. E. C. Pruyn,
ELECTIC PHYSICIAN
AND
Medical Electrician,
Office over Hannen's Drug Store,
Opposite Steamboat Landing, Rochester, Pa.,

SUCCESSFULLY treats all Chronic Diseases, Palsy, Deafness, Blindness, Rheumatism, St. Vitus' Dance, Dyspepsia, Cancer, and all the old knotty diseases that are the curse of the old school Physicians, as it proves their inability to eradicate, are by this scientific method comparatively easy of cure. A SPECIMEN OF CANCER OF LARGE GROWTH may be seen at Dr. Hannen's Drug Store by those interested, and references given of the cure of other Chronic diseases. Particular attention given to Female Complaints and Private Diseases.
N. B.—Mercury and Calomel are not used by the Doctor. [nov21'66—3mos.

THOMPSON
AND
GROETZINGER.
NO. 116, FEDERAL STREET,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA,
Are now receiving a large and elegant stock of
PLAIN & FANCY SILKS,
SILK POPLINS,
French Merinos,
SHAWLS,
CLOAKS & FURS
Of Every Description.
They also offer an entire New Stock of
CARPETINGS & OIL CLOTHS,
All of the newest designs at reduced rates.
Nov.21'66.3m

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Beaver county, the undersigned, Trustees appointed by said Court to make sale of the real estate of Rebecca Mulvanon, dec'd, under proceedings in partition of said real estate, will expose to sale by public vendue or out-cry, at the late residence of the said deceased, in Vanport, in said county, on
THURSDAY, December 20th, 1866, at 11 o'clock, A. M., all the following described real estate, situate in said county of Beaver, State of Pennsylvania, viz:

No. 1. Academy lot No. 28, in Brighton tp., containing about 8 acres, bounded by the line of the Reserve tract, lot No. 29, Georgetown lane, &c., all cleared and under fence, on which are erected the mansion house of deceased; a large two story brick dwelling, with 8 rooms and hall; frame kitchen attached; a good cellar underneath the whole house; a good cistern underneath the kitchen. Also a frame dwelling house (two stories) attached, with four rooms; a large frame bank barn, (stone basement) 60 by 40 feet, with stabling underneath—all well finished; a brick smoke house, coal house and buggy house; also, a two story frame tenant house; a stable, sheep house, and other outbuildings. The buildings and improvements in good order. A good orchard on the premises; said premises being designated as purpart "A" in the plot accompanying the return of the inquest making partition as aforesaid.

No. 2. A tract of land in Brighton township, bounded south by the Ohio river, west by land of Hugh Anderson, north east by the tract or parcel No. 3, next hereinafter described, containing 179 acres and 75 perches. About 90 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, balance well timbered—premises well watered; designated as purpart "B" in the return of the inquest aforesaid.

No. 3. A tract of land in the township aforesaid, bounded north by land of H. M'Kenzie and tract No. 4, hereinafter described, east by Academy lots, &c., south by land of Power and others, and west by parcel No. 2 above described, containing 124 acres and 23 perches. About 80 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation; balance well timbered, well watered, a good frame barn and orchard on the premises, and on which is erected a frame hay house; designated as purpart "C" in the plot and return of the inquest aforesaid.

No. 4. A parcel of land situate in the township aforesaid, bounded north by lands of Pifer and Toy, east by lands of Jos. Mitchell and —— Sickman, and west by tract No. 3 above described; containing 138 acres and 70 perches—about 65 acres cleared, balance well timbered, and premises well watered.—Designated as purpart "D" on the plot and return of the inquest aforesaid.

No. 6. Part of Academy lot No. 29 in Borough township, containing about 6 acres, all bottom land, cleared and enclosed. Designated as purpart "E" on the plot and return of the inquest aforesaid.

No. 6. Lot No. 123, in the plan of out-lots adjoining the town of Beaver, adjoining lot No. 5, and parcel No. 3 above described, containing 6 acres and 74 perches—bottom land—cleared and enclosed. Designated as purpart "F" in the plot and return aforesaid.

No. 7. Lot No. 122, in the plan of out-lots aforesaid, adjoining lots Nos. 1 and 8, and tracts Nos. 3 and 4, as herein above described; containing 6¾ acres, exclusive of two small lots owned by Weaver and Ferguson therein; all cleared and enclosed, and on which is erected a one story brick dwelling house, with kitchen attached. Designated as purpart "G" in the plot and return aforesaid.

No. 8. Lot No. 121, in the plan of out-lots aforesaid, containing about 5¼ acres, well timbered. Designated as purpart "H" in the plot and return aforesaid.

No. 9. Lot No. 64, in the plan of Academy lots aforesaid, adjoining lands of Patrick Mulvanon on the west, lands of D. Minis, or public alley on the East, the Beaver and Vanport road on the north, and an alley on the south, containing 8 acres and 27 perches, all cleared and enclosed—good bottom land. Designated as purpart "I" in the plot and return aforesaid.

No. 10. Lot No. 15, in the general plan of lots of the Borough of Bridgewater, bounded by Walnut street, Water alley, Spruce alley, &c., being 180 by 50 feet, enclosed and designated as purpart "J" in the plot and return aforesaid.

The above embraces a large amount of excellent property in good condition, lying within 2 miles of Beaver; and will be sold separately as above described, or two or more parcels will be sold together.

TERMS—One-third of the purchase money to be paid upon confirmation of sale by the Court, one-third in one year, and the balance in two years from the date of confirmation, with interest from same time, the deferred instalments to be secured by bond and mortgage. The purchaser to pay all expense of deeds and stamps.

For further information inquire of the undersigned.
JOS. C. WILSON, } Trustees.
JOHN JOHNSTON, }
nov21,'66. Beaver, Beaver county, Pa.

CANNED FRUITS—A fresh stock of Peaches, Green-gages, Green Corn, Tomatoes, Blackberries, Whortleberries, Raspberries, Pine Apples, &c., for sale by
nov21 STILES & SHALLENBERGER.

S. J. BLACKMORE
(*At No. 24 St. Clair St., Pittsburgh, Pa.*)
Hats, Caps and Ladies' Furs.
Beaver County Trade Solicited.
November 14, 1866.—3mos

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,
EDINBORO, ERIE CO., PA.

THIS School offers excellent facilities for obtaining a thorough, practical English Education. The State assists those who intend to become teachers. A certificate from this institution is good for life in all part of Pennsylvania, and exempts the holder from examination by School officers. The Winter Term will open December 5th.
For circular or catalogue, address
oct19:6w J. A. COOPER.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE IN BEAVER.

A HOUSE AND LOT IN BEAVER, near the Female Seminary, is offered for sale. The house is a two story frame, containing seven rooms. There is also a washroom with a cistern holding 80 barrels of water. The lot is seven-eighths of an acre, with different kinds of fruit.
☞ Apply to D. L. Imbrie, Esq.
nov14'66:4w

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of MARTHA MACK, late of New Sewickly tp., Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.
JORDON C. NYE, Adm'r.,
Marion tp.
nov14'66

Union Hotel,
BEAVER, PA.
J. B. CLARK, *Proprietor.*
GOOD STABLING attached to this House. April 4, 1866.—1y

THE BEAVER ARGUS.

November 21st, 1866.

LOCAL and MISCELLANEOUS.

☞ Wm. Bingham, Jr., 54 Fifth st., Pittsburgh, is the authorized agent for the Argus in that city.

Too Late.—The announcement of a literary entertainment at Darlington, on the 20th, (Tuesday evening) came too late for our last week. It did not reach us until after our paper had gone to press.

Check to Attend School.—The State Normal School at Edinboro is a place where sound, practical instruction is given by Professional teachers.

☞ The return game of Base Ball, between the Salem and Rochester clubs, was played at Salem on Friday last, and resulted in the defeat of the former.

Severe Accident.—On Tuesday evening last week Mrs. John Caughey, wife of the County Treasurer of this county, accidentally fell down in one of the out-buildings on their property, and broke one of her legs below the knee. Dr. M'Kinney was called in and reduced the fracture, which is now doing well.

The Good Templars.—An organization of Good Templars in Bridgewater, is, at the present time, accomplishing much good in the way of restraining the sale of intoxicating drinks, and in reforming persons who were in the habit of taking a "drop too much." We learn that the organization now numbers about 100 members, and that the most respected and influential persons in that village are at the head of the movement.

Newspaper Changes.—The Oil City *Register* has ceased to exist. Its last number contains a valedictory of W. R. Johns, and the establishment passes into the hands of Capt. H. S. Wilson, of the *Monitor*, who has consolidated the two offices, and will in a short time commence the publication of the *Daily Register*. Capt. Wilson is our successor in the *Monitor* office, and in leaving him well, he has our warmest wishes for prosperity in his present undertaking.

☞ Stiles & Shallenberger, of Bridgewater, call the attention of the public to their fine stock of Goods, to which a large addition has recently been made, consisting in part of a full assortment of Choice Groceries, Queensware, first quality, by the piece or in complete sets, plain and figured, embracing Oyster Dishes, Egg Cups, &c. Also, Glassware, Willow and Split Baskets, Wooden Ware, Table Cutlery, and a variety of house furnishing goods, all of which have been carefully purchased in the East, and will be sold at small profits.

A New Swindle.—The New Lisbon (Ohio) *Liberty State* says: A newly married couple in bridal costume, recently stopped in this place to spend a few days of the honeymoon. The groom borrowed $50 of an accommodating fellowman, and then mysteriously disappeared. The bride wept and tore her hair at thus being left without money, and without friends; and the sympathizing inhabitants of our town *contributed liberally* for her relief, about one hundred dollars being donated. She then disappeared, and it has since transpired that the *missing couple* had played the same game in several other towns in the State.

Drowned.—On Wednesday night of last week, while Mr. Thomas Middleton, of Fallston, was on his way home from Sharon, he accidentally fell into Brady's Run, near its mouth. His hat was seen the next afternoon at the water's edge, and a search immediately began for his body. Not finding it on that day, a cannon was procured on Friday morning and fired at intervals across the stream where the body was supposed to be laying, with the hope that the concussion would float it to the surface of the water. But this also proved ineffectual, and as Beaver Creek was quite full at the time, it is highly probable that the body has floated into that stream and traveled some distance down it.

Since the above was in type we regret to learn that there are suspicions that Mr. Middleton, instead of being accidentally drowned, has been foully dealt with.

The deceased was about 50 years of age, and much respected by his neighbors, and has a wife and several children living in the county.

Robbery of the County Treasury—Safe Blown Open—The Villains hardly Paid for their Trouble.—Considerable excitement was produced in our usually quiet town on Monday morning last by the discovery that during the preceding night, some scoundrels had entered the office of the County Treasurer and blown open the Safe by means of powder. Fortunately the Safe contained but a small portion of the county funds, the practice being to keep in the office only so much as may be needed for immediate use. The robbers therefore were poorly paid for the trouble and risk they encountered. The money not being counted, it is impossible to tell just how much they got, but Mr. Pollock, the Treasurer, thinks the whole amount in the Safe belonging to the county did not exceed between three and four hundred dollars and of this there was over a hundred dollars that they failed to get. Mr. Geo. Prothonotary, had deposited in the safe a pocket book containing, he thinks something under a hundred dollars; together with some promissory notes and other papers. They took what money was in the pocket book and tore up the notes, leaving them scattered over the floor. Mr. Jackson Spriggs had a package in the safe containing a number of bonds and other papers of value, and also a gold watch; all these they did not get their hands on. A government bond belonging to Mr. Gow, our recently elected Prothonotary, also escaped their clutches, although several things were taken from the apartment containing it. The fact that they did not secure all that was within their reach, shows that they must have made a very hurried and superficial exploration, or else must have been alarmed and left suddenly for fear of capture. A flask of powder, a piece of fuse, and a number of blacksmith tools, including a crowbar, sledge, with several hammers, chisels, &c., taken from the shops of Messrs. Lennox and Forrest, on Wheeling street, were left in the office. The impression is that the robbery was perpetrated by strangers who follow the business, but as yet no trace of them has been obtained.—*Washington Reporter*, 14th inst.

Daring Robbery—$7,500 Stolen Out of the County Treasury.—One of the boldest, as well as most successful robberies ever committed in this county, occurred here on Thursday morning last, at about 3 o'clock. The robbers, by means of a crowbar, pick and sledge, bursted open the front door of the Treasurer's office, and thus effected an entrance into the room. They next went to work and drilled two holes through the outer department of the safe—one on the top and the other near the bottom—and by means of powder and fuse, blew this to pieces. The explosion must have been frightful, for it waked numerous persons up who were sleeping more than one hundred yards from the Court House. Using the crowbar now, they broke the fastenings which held the inner and outer departments of the safe together, and succeeded in getting the two detached, and the former out on to the floor. In this inner department is where the funds were kept; and displacing a rivet or screw that passed through one of its sides, they again resorted to powder, and blew this one open likewise. Having now obtained access to the money, they gathered it up—about seven thousand five hundred dollars—together with valuable papers, and left, leaving their tools behind them. Between five and six thousand dollars of this money belonged to the county, and the balance—some sixteen or eighteen hundred dollars—to John Caughey, Esq., upon whom this loss falls quite heavily, and in whose behalf the sympathy of the public is warmly enlisted.

From the amount and character of the work done, the number of tools used, and other circumstances in connection with the robbery, it is plainly evident that there must have been at least three persons engaged in the larceny. The tools, consisting of crowbar, pick, sledge, hammer, punch, and a variety of chisels, were obtained in different localities. The crowbar and sledge have been identified by the Fort Wayne R. R., and were stolen from one of its buildings between Rochester and New Brighton, the same night the robbery was committed. The pick, we believe, is owned by the C. & P. R. R. Co., while the other tools are identified by Mr. Crawford, a blacksmith of this place, as belonging to him, his shop having been broken open by the robbers, and these tools taken from it.

The Commissioners of the county, by advice of their counsel, immediately telegraphed to all the neighboring towns, and sent printed hand-bills in every direction, offering a reward of one thousand dollars for the apprehension of the robbers, their conviction, and the recovery of the stolen money. In addition to this, reliable persons were sent out in different directions to ascertain if anything could be learned of the whereabouts of the guilty parties. Nothing definite has yet been discovered as to who the rogues are; but it is highly probable that the measures now on foot, of which we will not here speak, will develop something that will bring the guilty parties to that punishment which their conduct richly merits. We have said that nothing definite is yet known as to who perpetrated the deed; but while this is so, it is also true that circumstances point suspiciously toward persons whose names and localities we are not at liberty to make known.

The bold nature of the robbery, and the means resorted to to accomplish their purpose, induce us to believe that the robbers expected to find all the money belonging to the county in the Treasurer's office; but in this they were mistaken, for we learn that but a short time before this occurrence ten thousand dollars were taken from the safe and deposited in one of the neighboring banks, where this sum still remains. The Treasurer retained but little more than enough of money in his office to meet the expenses of the Court then in session, but, unfortunately during the week quite a number of the borough and township collectors came in and paid off their duplicates which swelled the aggregate amount in the safe to a much higher sum than is usually kept in it.—Only the evening before, the collector of the borough of Glasgow paid Capt. Adams, the Treasurer, eight hundred dollars on his duplicate, which sum was put into the safe and shared the fate of what was in before.

Taking this robbery altogether, it is one of the boldest, as well as most successful, thus far, that has ever occurred in this vicinity.

Doty vs. Moffitt.—A rather amusing trial came off at our last term of Court. The parties to it were Mr. Doty and Mr. Moffitt, both of Moon township, and aged respectively about sixty-five and seventy-five years. It was a case of assault and battery. The circumstances as developed in the trial were about as follows: On the morning of the 9th of October—election day—Mr. Moffitt, who is a Democrat in politics, was found near the polls with a large picture, in which Gen. Geary was represented as walking arm in arm with a negro. This picture passed out of Moffitt's hands, and finally turned up in Doty's possession, who, after looking at it for some time, tore it to pieces. No sooner did Doty—who is a Republican, do this, than Moffitt "went for" him, and succeeded in striking Doty on the back part of his head with his fist. Doty turned to see "what it was all about," when Moffitt caught him with both hands by the whiskers. Doty then "blazed away," knocked his assailant down, and the two were then separated. Shortly afterwards proceedings were commenced by Doty against Moffitt for assault and battery, and after a hearing of the case by a jury, a verdict of guilty was rendered, and Moffitt was sentenced to pay the costs of prosecution and a fine of $5.

Taking into consideration the ages of the belligerents, and the grit they both exhibited in behalf of their respective parties, the public could not but look upon the affair as one of a very ludicrous character. But while it presented this phase to outsiders, it is highly probable that one of the parties at least—Mr. Moffitt—did not contemplate it in that light; for he got worsted in the fight, worsted in the election, and worsted in the suit at law.

No Regard for High Prices.—The number of marriage licenses issued by the Probate Judge of Jefferson county, Ohio, during the month of October last, was thirty-nine, a greater number than was ever issued since the organization of the county. The number issued in Cuyahoga county, during the same month, was one hundred and thirty-three; and in Tuscarawas county forty-three. The epidemic still rages.

☞ A Panther over eight feet long was trapped and killed at Unionville, Centre county, last week. This is the second one that has been killed in that county this fall.

A Court House Guard.—The recent robbing of the Treasurer's office in this place speaks trumpet tongued in favor of providing a night watch for the Court House. That building stands completely isolated, and the robbers who visited it on last Thursday morning could just as easily have fired and burnt it to the ground in order to conceal their theft, as to have permitted it to stand. In that event the public records of the county would have been consumed, and a new Court House necessarily have to be built.—"A stitch in time saves nine," is a very wholesome admonition; and if the public desires its common funds to be securely kept, its records preserved and its public buildings remain unharmed, it can only have these results guaranteed through an active, vigilant night watchman, who will see that marauders are kept away. This will be the "stitch in time," and we have no doubt but what its application now will eventually save the "nine." The cost will be comparatively trifling, and the security thus obtained will amply compensate us for the outlay.

Removed.—We were no little sorry to learn a few days ago that Dr. A. C. Barlow, of this place was about to leave us, and commence the practice of his profession in Pomeroy, Ohio.—Himself and family left for their new home on yesterday evening's train.—And while we regret that circumstances of a business character induced the Dr. to leave our town, we are very sure that the people of Pomeroy will find in him and his interesting family a valuable and agreeable accession to their number. Dr. Barlow is, personally, a man of unexceptionable habits, a good citizen and a skillful physician.

National Poem.—On Thursday evening next, (the 22d) Dr. H. B. Durant, the author of what is said to be a very excellent poem, will read his production in the M. E Church of this place. Mr. Durant was a soldier in the Roundhead Regiment, and his poem is descriptive of patriotic and thrilling scenes of camp, field and flood. The poem is highly spoken of by the press, and will no doubt be a rich literary treat to those who may go to hear it.

Somewhat Previous.—The Meadville *Republican* of Thursday last announces that A. K. McClure, of Chambersburg, died suddenly the day previous. Upon receipt of the news our reporters were dispatched at once to inquire into the facts, and the Senior Editor was found in his place of business, well as usual, and amusing himself reading his own obituaries.—*Chambersburgh Repository.*

☞ Jas. C. Ferguson, Esq., of New Sewickly township, offers in this week's *Argus* a valuable farm for sale. Those wishing to secure a valuable piece of property should give this their attention.

Continued Again.—The Washington county Lennox murder case, of which our readers are so familiar, has again been continued, and Lennox is therefore elected to still "tug it out" in our jail for four months to come.

Resolutions of Respect.—At a regular meeting of the Enola Lodge, No. 163, I. O. G. T., Nov. 12th, 1866, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Enola Lodge, No. 163, I. O. G. T.,
Bridgewater, Nov. 12th, 1866.

Whereas, God in the dispensation of His Divine Providence has seen proper to remove from our midst our much esteemed Brother, Samuel Johnson; and in his death our Lodge and Order has lost a worthy member; his family a kind son and brother; and Whereas, we shall no more clasp the hand that was ever open to a Brother in friendship and distress; no more will he meet us in our social circle, but his virtue and many noble traits of character will ever live as as green spots in the memory of us all; therefore, be it

Resolved, That Brother Johnson, whose death we sincerely lament, will ever be ranked with the loved and honored of our Order.

Resolved. That this Lodge sincerely sympathises with the bereaved family of the deceased in this their sad affliction, and we can only commend them to Him, whose goodness bindeth up the broken heart with the assurance that there is a world where the good will meet again, and into which sorrow and pain and death can never enter.

Resolved, That our Lodge room be draped in mourning for thirty days, and that we wear the usual badge the same length of time.

Resolved, That these resolutions be entered in our minutes, and a copy sent to the family of our deceased Brother, and a copy be sent to the county papers for publication.

A. V. Woodruff,
D. Woodruff,
H. B Beisel, } *Com.*

E. W. Taylor, *Sec'y.*

Dr. Blackburn, of yellow fever infection notoriety, is in Washington, pressing his claims for pardon and forgiveness with much persistency.

☞ A pocket book containing a small sum of money and some papers, was left in the Drug store of Hamilton & Anderson, in this place, a few weeks ago. The owner is requested to call and get it.

Rochester, Pa., Nov. 15, 1866.

Editor Argus:—Dear Sir; Feeling the need of exercise very much, and knowing the benefits one derives from it, we feel the need of a Gymnasium. We wish to speak to the young men of the surrounding towns in regard to it, through your paper, if you will be kind enough to insert a few lines for us.

There are enough young men in Rochester and the adjoining towns to support a good Gymnasium; and why not have one? Every person knows that bodily exercise is beneficial to good health. Cannot Rochester, Beaver, Phillipsburgh and Bridgewater support a good Gymnasium? Thirty to forty members can keep up a good institution at a small cost, with or without a teacher. If we can procure enough members, rent a room, and get our Gymnastic implements, what would be of more benefit to us than to resort to good exercise three or four evenings of each week? It will increase your appetites, give you buoyant spirits, make you sleep sound at night, and in the morning you will arise refreshed from your sleep. After being shut up in the house all day this is just the thing every person wants. If you wish to be strong and healthy, this is the way to become so. If you wish to develop your muscle, this is the way to do it.

If we receive thirty or forty names of persons favorable towards getting up the above, we will appoint a place of meeting, and see what we can do. Address "J. W. S." or "J. S. S." Box 92, Rochester, Pa.

MARRIED:

Oct. 16th, by Rev. J. S. Bracken, Mr. J. W. Beaner to Miss L. J. Bell, all of Beaver county, Pa.

Nov. 1st, by the same, Mr. Wm. Graham to Miss Arminta S. Lenkard, of Allegheny city.

Nov. 8th, by the same, Mr. Alex M'Donald to Miss Ellen May, both of Columbiana co., O.

Nov. 8, at the residence of Mr. Milton Rhodes, by the Rev. J. M. Shields, Mr. Chas. Higby, of New Brighton, to Miss Lizzie J. Rhodes, of Chippewa township.

Nov. 13th, by the same, at the residence of J. Ross, Esq., Mr. J. J. Ewing to Miss Alice A. McDonald, all of Industry, Pa.

On the 15th inst., at the residence of the bride's parents, New Brighton, Pa., by Rev. Dr. Reeves, E. Pent. Stewart, of Rochester, to Susan, daughter of M. S. Johns, Esq., of the former place.

On Sunday, 18th inst., at Trinity Church, by Rev. Mr. Swope, Robt. H. McCreery to Belle J., youngest daughter of the late Capt. Geo. A. Wilson, all of Pittsburg.

DIED:

November 14, 1866, in Beaver, Pa., Samuel Bess, aged 76 years and 4 months.

Teachers' County Institutes.

After holding our public examinations and consulting teachers and school officers, we have concluded to divide the county into three districts, and hold Institutes in each, continuing three days. By this arrangement, a greater number of teachers will be reached and more good accomplished.—Teachers in the respective districts will attend the most convenient Institute. They will be held as follows, viz:

Southern District, at Hookstown, November 22, 23 and 24;

Eastern District, at Freedom, November 28, 29 and 30;

Western District, at Darlington, December 6, 7 and 8.

Local committees will be appointed to make arrangement for the entertainment of members of the Institute, and to procure instrumental music.

Parents, school officers and ministers are requested to attend.

By order of Ex. Com.:

J. I. REED, Co. Sup't.

Darlington, Pa., Oct. 29th, 1866.

$1,500 PER YEAR! We want Agents everywhere to sell our IMPROVED $20 Sewing Machines.—Three new kinds. Under and upper feed. Sent on trial. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The ONLY machines sold in United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder. All* other cheap machines are *infringements* and the *seller* or *user* are *liable to arrest, fine and imprisonment.* Illustrated circulars sent *free.* Address or call upon Shaw & Clark, at Biddeford, Maine, or Chicago, Ill.

may16,'66. [iswly.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Stanton Gordon, late of New Sewickly tp., Beaver co. dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES C. FERGUSON, Ex'r.,
oct17'66 New Sewickly tp.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration on the estate of George Smith, late of South Beaver township, Beaver county, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, creditors will present all claims properly authenticated to John Culbertson, of South Beaver tp., agent for administrator, or to the administrator himself.

WM. SMITH, Adm'r,
oct17'66 Washington, Pa.

ATTENTION!

I HAVE constantly on hand a supply of the Putnam (Iron Frame) Clothes Wringer, and would call attention to the Manufacturer's advertisement for the Universal Clothes Wringer, W. G. Wolf, Agent. Mr. W. having removed from the State and transferred his machines to me, I will keep a constant supply

Also, constantly on hand, Crude oil by the barrel and crude oil burners.

oc25 JOS. M'CLURE, Ag't. Beaver.

Pamphlet Laws.

The PAMPHLET LAWS for 1866 have been received at the Prothonotary's office, and are ready for delivery to those entitled to he same.

M. WEYAND,
oct31,'66. Prothonotary.

Notice.

Mr. JOHN REEVES has this day retired from our firm, his interest having been purchased by the remaining partners.

Mr. David Shields is admitted into partnership from this date.

WILDE, SHIELDS & CO.
New Brighton, Nov. 1, 1866:2w

$90 A MONTH!—AGENTS wanted for *six entirely new articles*, just out. Address O. T. GAREY, City Building, Biddeford, Me.

GARDNER

AND

SCHLEITER.

92

Market Street

PITTSBURGH.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

DRY GOODS DEALERS:

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR friends and patrons of Beaver county, that their second Large Fall Stock of Dry Goods, complete in all departments, is now open for inspection, at very popular prices

Dress Goods:

Satin stripes,	Plain poplins,
Silk stripes,	Plain Empress,
Poplin stripes,	Plaid Empress,
Valencia stripes,	Satin cloths,
Plaid poplins,	French repps,
Stripe poplins,	English repps,
Brocade poplins,	French merinos,
Brocade Empress	Gala cloths.
Mohair cloths,	Black alpacas,
Mohair repps	Plain Barathea,
Carded Empress,	Crape barathea,
Irish poplins,	Figured merinos,
English merinos,	Wool delaines,

And a variety of other Dress Goods.

Black silks,	Figured silks
Colored silks,	Reppe silks,
Fancy silks,	

At prices always the lowest.

Cloaking Cloths.

Black beaver cloth,
Black melten cloth,
Black French cloth,
Black English water proof,
Brown English water proof,
Colored sacking cloths,
Poodle dog cloths,
Cassimere fancy cloths,
Plaid cloaking cloths,

Cloaks,	Basques,
Sacques,	Paletots,
Circulars,	Wrapps,

All of the latest styles.

SHAWLS.

Woolen,	Thibet,
Single and double,	Promenade,
Broched,	Breakfast,
Cashmere,	Mourning,
Stella,	

New, desirable and cheap.

BALMORAL SKIRTS

Large stock, beautiful goods from $2,00 to $13,00.

Blankets.

Woolen.	White,
Gray,	Blue,
Brown,	

From $3,50 upwards.

Flannels.

Blanket, White, Red, Yellow, Blue, Gray, Drab, Scarlet, Solferino, Pink. Blue and White, and all kinds of fancy shirting flannels.

Cassimeres.

For men and boys, Tweed, Satinetts, Blue Tweeds, and a large stock of coatings.

Linen Goods,

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

TABLE LINENS,

NAPKINS, DOYLES, TOWELS,

IRISH LINENS,

CHEAP! CHEAP!! CHEAP!!!

Corsets, Hoop Skirts, Kid Gloves, Shirt Fronts, Table Covers, Cotton Batting,

All at prices which cannot fail to suit.

GARDNER

AND

SCHLEITER,

92 Market St.,

Pittsburg, Pa. [oc10

BOOTS AND SHOES!

THE PLACE TO GET THEM

Cheap and Durable.

DON'T FAIL TO CALL.

LOUIS F. WEINMAN,

MANUFACTURER of and Retail Dealer in Boots and Shoes, Bridge street,

BRIDGEWTER

He keeps an excellent supply of ready-made work constantly on hand.

Boots and shoes made to order on shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

He has good workmen, and can't be excelled by any other establishment in West. Pa.

Men, women and children will find it to their advantage to give him a call.

For the best and cheapest article go to
LOUIS F. WEINMAN'S,
oct11'65. Bridge st., Bridgewater.

E. PENT. STEWART. E. A. WILSON.

FALL & WINTER

BOOTS & SHOES,

WILSON & STEWART.

WOULD respectfully inform the public, that they have just received direct from the manufacturers, the largest and best selected FALL AND WINTER STOCK OF

Ladies', Gent's, Boy's and Children's Boots and Shoes.

GAITERS, SLIPPERS and OVERSHOES,

that have ever been brought to this county.

We would particularly call attention to our stock of

Mens' heavy kip, tap and double sole steel heeled Boots. French Calf, double sole and double upper sewed scotch bottom Boots.

Boys' Youths' and Children's heavy kip, tap and double sole copper tiped and steel heeled Boots.

Ladies' French kid and Morocco polish Boots, latest styles.

Misses and Children's pegged and sewed polish Boots and Balmorals, of the latest styles, and a great variety of Children's copper tip. shoes.

Which we will sell *Wholesale and Retail*, as cheap, if not cheaper, than they can be bought in the city of Pittsburg.

We would respectfully invite purchasers to call and examine our stock, compare our prices with other dealers, and satisfy themselves before purchasing elsewhere.

All Goods Warranted.

WILSON & STEWART,
In the Diamond,
Oct3'65.—1y. Rochester, Pa.

Fall & Winter

GOODS!

I HAVE just received a new stock of Goods, of the

LATEST STYLES,

For FALL & WINTER WEAR.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods

Constantly on hand.

CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER

In all the latest styles and at shortest notice.

Wm. REICH,

Stewart's Row, Bridge Street,

oct10'66 BRIDGEWATER.

PITTSBURG

NATIONAL PLOW CO.,

ROCHESTER, PA.,

ARE MANUFACTURING all the Varieties of

Steel and Cast Iron Plows

and would call the attention of the Farmers of Beaver county, wishing to purchase Plows or Plow Points, to the Superior Finish, and Quality of our Work

☞ ALL WORK WARRANTED ☜

The Points and Landslides fit the corresponding numbers of Pittsburg plows.

☞ Old plow castings bought. [apr 18:1y

Great Distribution

OF THE

American Jewelry Association.

Depots: 38 & 39 Nassau, 54 56 & 58 Liberty St.,

NEW YORK CITY.

Of Rosewood Pianos and Melodeons, Fine Oil Paintings, Engravings, Silver Ware, Gold and Silver Watches, and Elegant Jewelry, consisting of Diamond Pins, Diamond Rings, Gold Bracelets, Coral, Florentine, Mosaic, Jet, Lava, and Cameo Ladies' Sets, Gold Pens, Patent Gold and Silver Extension Holders, Sleeve Buttons, Sets of Studs, Vest and Neck Chains, Plain and Chased Gold Chains, &c., &c., &c., valued at

1,000,000, FOR ONE DOLLAR,

which they need not pay until it is known what is drawn and its value.

THE AMERICAN JEWELERS ASSOCIATION calls your attention to the fact of its being the largest and most popular Jewelry Association in the United States. The business is and always has been conducted in the most candid and honorable manner. Our rapidly increasing trade is a sure guarantee of the appreciation of our patrons for this method of obtaining rich, elegant and costly goods. The sudden stagnation of trade in Europe, owing to the late German War and recent disastrous financial crisis in England, has caused the failure of a large number of Jewelry Houses in London and Paris, obliging them to sell their goods at a great sacrifice, in some instances less than one-third the cost of manufacturing. We have lately purchased very largely of these Bankrupt Goods, at such extremely low prices, that we can afford to send away Finer Goods, and give better chances to draw the most valuable prizes than any other establishment doing a similar business. OUR AIM IS TO PLEASE, and we respectfully solicit your patronage, as we are confident of giving the utmost satisfaction. During the past year we have forwarded a number of the most valuable prizes to all parts of the country. Those who patronize us will receive the full value of their money, as no article on our list is worth less than One Dollar, retail, and there are no blanks. Parties dealing with us may depend on having prompt returns, and the article drawn will be immediately sent to any address by return mail or express.

The following parties have recently drawn valuable prizes from the American Jewelers' Association, and have kindly allowed the use of their names:

Charles J. Hunter, Esq., Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., Piano, value $300; Miss. Anna G. Yates, 52 St. Mark's Place, N. Y., Sewing Machine, value $75; Brig. Gen. L. L. Hanson, U. S. Vols., Nashville, Tenn., Silver Tea Set, value $150; Miss Emma Hunter, 63 Front St., Harrisburg, Pa., Sewing Machine, value $60; Lieut. Col. Walter Chittenden, Quartermaster, Louisville, Kentucky, Gold Watch, value 150; Wm. S. Haines, 247 King St., Charleston, S. C., Silver Watch, value $50; Alexander Johnson, Esq., Editor *Muskateur Pioneer*, Muskateur, Minn., Ladies' Enameled Watch, value $150; Samuel Lee, Esq., President Colorado and Red-Bank Mining Company, San Francisco, Cal., Melodeon, value $200; Aaron S. Long, Esq., Principal Elkhart Collegiate Institute, Elkhart, N. Y., Diamond Pin, value $200, R. M. Longstreet, Montgomery, Ala., Music Box, value $75; Rev. Isaac Van Duzer, Albany, N. Y., Gold Lined Dining Set, value $300; Miss Clara Lucuguer, Dayton, Ohio, Pianoforte, value $400, and Diamond Pin, value $175.

Many names could be placed on the List, but we publish no names without permission. Our patrons are desired to send United States currency when it is convenient.

PARTIAL LIST OF ARTICLES

TO BE SOLD FOR $1 EACH,

Without regard to value, and not to be paid for until you know what you are to receive:

15 elegant Rosewood Pianos, from $200 to 450	
15 eleg't Melodeons, Rosewood cases	175 to 250
50 first class Sewing Machines	40 to 200
150 fine Silver Watches	30 to 100
50 Music boxes	20 to 40
150 Revolving Patent Casters, silver	20 to 40
50 Silver Fruit and Cake baskets	20 to 35
400 Sets of Tea and Table Spoons	20 to 40
150 Gold hunting case Watches, war.	50 to 140
100 Diam'd ring, clusters sing stone	75 to 269
175 Gold Watches	85 to 150
300 Ladies' Watches	60 to 100
500 Silver Watches	20 to 75

Diamond Pins, Brooches and Ear Drops, Ladies' Sets of Gold and Coral, Jet and Gold, Florentine, Mosaic, Lava and Cameo, sets of Studs, vest and neck Chains, plain and chased gold rings, gold thimbles, lockets, new style belt buckles, gold pens and pencils, fancy work boxes, gold pens with gold and silver extension holders, and a large assortment of fine silver ware and jewelry of every description.

☞ A chance to obtain any of the above Articles for ONE DOLLAR, by purchasing a sealed envelope for 25 cents.

☞ Five sealed Envelopes will be sent for $1; Eleven for $2; Thirty for $5; Sixty five for $10; One Hundred for $15.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE.

Unequalled inducements offered to Ladies and Gents who will act as such. Our descriptive circulars will be sent on application.

Distributions are made in the following manner: Certificates naming each article and its value are placed in sealed envelopes, which are well mixed. One of these envelopes containing the Certificate or Order for some article, will be delivered at our office, or sent by mail to any address, without regard to choice, on receipt of 25 cents.

On receiving the certificate the purchaser will see what article it draws and its value, and can then send ONE DOLLAR, and receive the article named, or can choose any other one article on our list of the same value.

Purchasers of our SEALED ENVELOPES may, in this manner, obtain an article worth from one to five hundred dollars.

Long letters are unnecessary. Have the kindness to write plain directions, and in choosing different articles from those drawn, mention the style desired.

☞ Orders for SEALED ENVELOPES must in every case be accompanied with the cash, with the name of the person sending, and Town, County and State plainly written.

Letters should be addressed to the Managers, as follows:

SHERMAN, WATSON & CO.,
37 & 39 Nassau st., New York City.

SALISBURY, BROTHER & CO.

Extensive Manufacturers & Importers of

Gold, Plated & Oreide Jewelry,

SOLID AND NICKEL

Silver ware,

American, English & Swiss Watches,

CASED BY OURSELVES.

And every description of

Fancy Goods and Yankee Notions,

Especially adapted and designed for Southern and Western Trade.

Circulars and full descriptive lists sent free. Agents wanted everywhere. Address

SALISBURY, BRO. & CO.,
51 Dorrance Street,
oct24:3m Providence, R. I.

500 Bushels of Corn received and for sale by
july4:1y J. & H. Darragh's, Sharon

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S. B. M'ELROY, JAMES DICKSON, JOHN T. SHANE

DRY GOODS
AT WHOLESALE.

SEPTEMBER, 1866.

M'ELROY, DICKSON & CO.,
NO. 54 WOOD ST.,
PITTSBURGH,

PRESENT THEIR

FALL STOCK,

Now Complete, and invite the attention of Dealers to their

Carefully Selected Assortment of

Dry Goods
AND
NOTIONS,
OFFERED AT POPULAR PRICES.

The *frequent fluctuations* in value of all descriptions of Merchandise, renders it a matter of *especial propriety* that *purchases* should be *frequent* and therefore the *nearest market* becomes the one best adapted to supplying retail dealers with Goods they sell.

Purchasers from Western Penn'a., Eastern Ohio and West Virginia, are invited to visit Pittsburgh and inspect this

STOCK OF GOODS,

Which will be kept Full During the Season.

TERMS, NET CASH,
AND
PRICES REASONABLE.

M'ELROY, DICKSON & CO.,
No. 54 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURG.

J. H. BENCE,
(One Door Below the Seminary,)
BEAVER,

HAS on hand, and offers for sale cheap, a carefully selected stock of

TRIMNINGS,
YARNS,
EMBROIDERY AND FANCY GOODS.

Ribbons, plain and fancy Handkerchiefs, Belts, Buckles, Hair Netts, Dress Trimmings, Lace, Bugle Trimmings, and Bugle Buttons, Velvet Ribbons, Corsets, Balmoral and Hoop Skirts, Embroid'd Edgings, Ladies Collars and Cuffs, Tidies, Woolen Table Covers, Baskets, Umbrellas, Ladies', Gents and Children's Wear.

BONNETS.

Silk, Mourning, and Straw, all the the latest styles, cheap.

RIBBONS, FLOWERS, RUCHES AND ORNAMENTS.

ALSO, DRESS-MAKING IN EVERY BRANCH.

☞We have constantly on hand Mademe Demorest's latest Fashion Patterns. Patterns for sale.

We sell below Pittsburg prices.

Give us a call and satisfy yourself.

☞Do not forget the place, one door below the Seminary, Beaver.

sep12:3m J. H. BENCE.

GOOD GROCERIES!
CHEAP!

EDWARD HAZLETON, JR.

GROCER

AND

PRODUCE DEALER,

aug29ly] *No. 21 Diamond, Pittsburg.*

INSURANCE AGENCY.

THE undersigned has been appointed agent for the Etna Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn., and likewise for the Niagara Insurance Company of New York, and the Enterprise Insurance Company of Philadelphia.

Each of these Companies insure dwellings, out-buildings, Stores, Manufactories, &c., &c. against loss by fire, on favorable terms, for five years or less.

Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid when the insurance is effected. All business connected with either of these companies attended to with dispatch and fidelity.

JOS. M'CLURE, Agent.

aug22'66—1y. Beaver, Pa.

CHAS. S BALSLEY,
Produce and Commission Merchant

Warehouse, No. 201 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURG, PA.

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Butter	*Bacon,*	*Potatoes,*	*Flour,*
Cheese	*Beans,*	*Hominy,*	*Grain,*
Lard	*Tallow,*	*Dried Fruits,*	*Clover Seed*
Eggs	*Feathers,*	*Green do*	*Timothy do.*
Pork	*Brooms,*	*Onions,*	*Flax do.*

And Game and Poultry

☞Particular attention given to produce consignments. [je13:6m

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WM. B. CLARKE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
No. 85 FIFTH ST., PITTSBURG, PA.

WILL GIVE PROMPT ATTENTION TO Collections, and the purchase and sale of Real Estate. And will also attend to the business of his profession in Beaver Co. [ap25

DRY Flooring and weather boarding, in quantities to suit purchasers, for sale at July4:1y J. & H. DARRAGH's, Sharon

---

500 Bushels of Corn received and for sale by July4:1y J. & H. DARRAGH's, Sharon

---

C. K CHAMBERLIN..... S. WINANS.

CHAMBERLIN & WINANS,

NEW BRIGHTON, PA.,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

IRON, NAILS, GLASS,

AND

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

CARPENTERS' TOOLS,

BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS,

MASONS' TOOLS,

SHOEMAKERS TOOLS,

SADDLERS' TOOLS,

PLASTERERS' TOOLS,

MINERS' TOOLS.

SADDLERY HARDWARE,

BENT FELLOWS & SHAFTS,

LOCKS, BOLTS & HINGES,

PICKS MATTOCKS & HOES,

COUNTER & PLATFORM SCALES,

TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,

HORSE SHOES & NAILS,

TIRE & CARRIAGE BOLTS & NUTS,

CORN SHELLERS, STRAW CUTTERS.

ALSO, PAINTS,

OILS,

VARNISHES,

AND PUTTY.

AGENTS FOR

EXCELSIOR MOWER AND REAPER, AND NEW BRIGHTON FIRE-BRICK WORKS.

Dec6,'65.

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF A

NEW & WELL SELECTED

Stock of Goods,

AT

B. MULHEIM'S.

THE subscriber takes pleasure in informing the public that he now has, and keeps constantly on hand, the

Most Extensive and Complete Assortment of

BOOKS, WRITING AND WALL PAPER, OIL CLOTHS, CARPETS, MATTING, WINDOW SHADES, ALBUMS, WILLOW-WARE,

MANTLE ORNAMENTS, TOYS, &c.,

that have ever been brought to this county.—In fact he keeps everything that is usually kept in a well-regulated and well supplied variety store.

As I purchase nearly all my Goods at NEW YORK, and pay cash for them, I am thus enabled to sell, and do dispose of my goods, cheaper than they can be bought at retail in Pittsburg. Give me a call.

B. MULHEIM.

Bridgewater, July 25, 1866—1y

BRIDGEWATER

Marble Works.

D. WOODRUFF,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

Italian and American Marble.

MONUMENTS, HEAD STONES, &c., made to order.

Please give me a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Shop opposite Dr. Smith's Drug Store, Bridge street, Bridgewater.

July 25, '66:1y D. WOODRUFF.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
Successors to S. Jones & Co.,
Cor. o Wood & Fourth Streets,
PITTSBURG, PA.,
Bankers & Brokers,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
FOREIGN EXCHANGE,
Gold & Silver Coupons,

Highest rate paid for Compound Interest Notes.

COLLECTIONS made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas. Interest allowed on time deposits. [jy11:6m

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FOR SALE.

ONE LOT on the corner of Fifth and Elk Streets, in the Borough of Beaver. This lot fronts on Fifth Street 116 feet and on Elk 188 feet. Will be sold low for cash. For further particulars inquire of S B. Wilson, Esq. oct81,'66.

CHAS B HURST
Banker and Broker,
AND DEALER IN
Real Estate, Stocks, Government Bonds, and other Securities
INSURANCE & CLAIM AGENT,
Conveyancer & General Agent.

THE subscriber having opened an office at Rochester, (in the room lately occupied by F. A. Fortune) respectfully solicits the patronage of his friends and the public in general.

Particular attention given to the adjustment of Officers' accounts, and ALL claims arising out of the present war, such as—

Pensions, Patents, Bounties, Arrears of Pay, Prize Money, &c., &c.

Being agent for the Etna Insurance Co. of Hartford, Ct, the North America of Philadelphia, and the Manufacturers' & Merchants' of Pittsburg, I will issue policies in either of the companies named.

Farms, houses and lots for sale.

Shares in the oil lands of the celebrated Isl and Run region for sale, where every well has proved a success. Also shares in wells producing or under way, and leases.

I will also sell my residence in Rochester, beautifully situated, and within a few minutes walk of the Ohio river and Railway stations. Terms liberal.

Deeds drawn up and acknowledged.

Fire risks taken in first class Insurance Companies.

Revenue stamps always on hand.

Refers to John A. Caughey, Jos. Plummer, Wm. H. Smith & Co., Pittsburg.

CHAS. B. HURST

Rochester, Nov. 29,'65

STONE & GLASS
Fruit Jars
SELF-SEALING & COMMON TOP TIN FRUIT CANS.

Fruit Jar Corks.

SEALING-WAX.

SUGARS of VARIOUS GRADES.

A Choice Selection of Teas.

THE subscriber invites those in want of any of the above articles, to give him a call.

Motto, "*Small Profits and Quick Sales.*"

☞Terms, strictly CASH.

A. S. HARVEY,

aug1:tf Bridge street, Bridgewater.

Dunseath & Co.,
DEALERS IN
Fine Watches
CLOCKS, JEWELRY,
SILVER-WARE.
FANCY GOODS,
MUSICAL BOXES, &c.
56 FIFTH STREET,
Pittsburg, Pa.

☞Agents for the American Watch Company's Watches [jy18'66:1y

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of SAM'L CHESTLER late of Raccoon tp, Beaver county, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

DAVID KENNEDY, Raccoon tp.,
JAMES BOYD, Hookstown,
oct24 Executors.

LAUGHING GAS!

ADMINISTERED BY DR. MURRAY, Bridgewater, Pa., in extracting teeth.

I have added to my many other facilities for the successful prosecution of my profession, this invaluable pain-killing agent. All branches of Denistry performed in the best and most modern style. All work done as cheaply, and fifty per cent. better, than at any other Steam Dental Establishment in the State. [my9'66:1y

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COAL!

I WILL deliver to the citizens of Rochester, Bridgewater, Beaver and vicinity, a good quality of Coal, at the shortest notice. Wagons can, at any time, be supplied at the Bank on M'Kinley's run, adjoining the bank of Wm. Porter, Esq. Orders left with John A Frazie, Beaver; Stiles & Shallenberger, Bridgwater, M. Camp, jr., Rochester, will receive prompt attention. J. C. MOLTER,

nov8 Bridgewater.

NOTICE TO BRIDGE-BUILDERS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the Commissioners of Beaver county until Saturday, Oct. 27th, inst., at one o'clock p m, for the erection of a bridge across Brush creek, in North Sewickly tp., on the site occupied by the bridge, known as the Piersol or Theopholis Fombell bridge. Proposals to be for an iron or wooden structure. By order.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, } JNO. CAUGHEY,
Beaver, Oct. 8th, 1866. } Clerk.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of GEORGE ENGLE, late of Industry township, Beaver county, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

WASHINGTON ENGLE, Executor,
sept26'66. Industry tp.

Lloyd's New Map of N. America,
OR
The U. States Continent in 1900.

THE most comprehensive and best map ever published. Price $3,00. Contains maps of all the counties in the United States.

WM. REED,

sep5:3m Sole Agent for Beaver county.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of MILO BARNES, late of Freedom, Beaver county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to made immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement. JNO. McFALL, Adm'r.,

Glasgow Berough.

Dr. D. Stanton,
Surgeon, Physician & Pension Surgeon,
NEW BRIGHTON, PA.

OFFICE and Residence at lower end of Broadway jany24,'66:1y

PURE CIDER VINEGAR, 2 YEARS OLD. For sale by A. S. HARVEY,

aug1:tf Bridge street, Bridgewater.

5TH
Grand Opening
AT
GEALY'S
NEW MILLINERY,
TRIMMING

AND SHOE EMPORIUM,

CORNER BRIDGE & MARKET STS., BRIDGEWATER.

Millinery.

I am now receiving the largest and best assortment of Millinery

Ever brought to Beaver County!!

Ladies' Velvet, Silk, Mourning and Straw Bonnets; Ladies', Misses and Children's Velvet, Silk, Frosted Straw Hats and Turbans; Silk Teivets, Ribbons, Flowers, Ruches, Plumes, Ornaments, Cords, and Tassels, &c.

Trimmings.

of all kind;

Dress and Cloak Buttons, Cords and Ruffles, Hair Netts, Embroideries, Belts and Buckles, Silk and Bugle Gimps. Infants' Waists, Fancy and Plain Linen Handkerchiefs, Collars, old Ladies' Caps, &c., &c.

BALMORAL & HOOP SKIRTS, CORSET, DRESS LININGS, MEN'S HATS, LINEN SHIRTS, SHIRT FRONTS, MENS' KNIT COATS.

LADIES' CLOTHS, FOR SACQUES AND CLOAKS,
Very cheap.

Cotton Batting, Country Flannels,

Men's Undershirts and Drawers.

Hosiery & Gloves,

SHOES.
Cheaper than ever.

NO TROUBLE to SHOW GOODS.

MILLINERY.

Bonnets altered and cleaned, CHEAP.

Stamping, Pinking and Cloak Cutting and making on short notice.

Men's shirts made to order. Machine stitching.

CALL AND SEE ME.

☞Remember the place—corner Bridge and Market streets, Bridgewater.

WATT GEALY.

C. C. ALGEO,

DEALER IN

AMERICAN
AND SWISS WATCHES,
DIAMONDS
AND FINE JEWELY,
SILVER SPOONS AND FORKS,
FINE TABLE KNIVES,
SILVER PLATED WARE,
FRENCH CLOCKS & BRONZES,
AMERICAN CLOCKS,
Fancy Goods, &c.

☞Special attention given to the repairing of all kinds of Watches.

No. 22 FIFTH STREET,

mar14'66—1y] *Pittsburg, Pa*

PH. R. MERTZ,
118 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH,
BANKER & BROKER,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
FOREIGN EXCHANGE.
GOLD, SILVER & COUPONS.

☞Highest price paid for COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES. [aug1'66:1y

NEW BARBER-SHOP.

SHAVING, HAIR-CUTTING, SHAMPOOING, &C.

JOHN B. WILLIAS having removed his shop from Bridgewater to Beaver, wishes to inform his former customers and the public generally, that he is now to be found in a **Room Adjoining the National House,** where he will carry on in his former good and fashionable style. By close attention to busines, he hopes to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage. Those wishing a clean, smooth shave, or hair cut in a fashionable style, just stop in and give John a rial, and he feels satisfied that he can please hem. [aug

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ANDREW WRAY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

PRACTICING IN THE SEVERAL COURTS OF BEAVER COUUTY, will promptly attend to all kinds of legal business in this or counties adjoining.

Collections will be expeditiously made in all amounts upon all sorts of claims, either in this county and State or in more distant localities.

In Conveyancing, immediate attention will be given to the drawing of bonds, deeds, leases, articles of agreement, to the furnishing of abstracts of title, and to the careful preparation of all sorts of legal instruments.

Mortgages, judgments and other securities in all sums bought or sold.

☞Office in building of Jos. C. Wilson, Esq. nearly opposite Moore's Drug Store, Third Street, Beaver, Pa. [aug 15,'66.

SAVE YOUR HEALTH
BY BUYING
Pure Medicines.
AT
LOUIS BREHM & CO.
IN THE DIAMOND,
ROCHESTER, PA.
(One door from Fortune's Dry Goods Store,)

Can be found a full assortment of

PURE DRUGS,
MEDICINES,
CHEMICALS, and
FINE LIQUORS;

Also, a full Assortment of

WINDOW GLASS,
PAINTS,
LINSEED OIL,
NEAT'S FOOT OIL,
SPERM OIL,
LARD OIL,
CARBON OIL,
AND
PURE AND SECOND QUALITY
WHITE LEAD:

ALSO, FINE TOILET SOAPS,
ALL VARIETIES BRUSHES,
THE BEST PERFUMERY,
FANCY & TOILET ARTICLES,
AND POPULAR PREPARATIONS
FOR THE HAIR,

All kinds of Patent Medicines always on hand.

ALSO, CIGARS & TOBACCO,

My entire stock has been purchased for CASH and is offered at the very LOWEST PRICES.

☞As I am a thoroughly educated Apothecary and Chemist, physicians and others can rely upon having their prescriptions accurately filled with *Pure Medicines only.*

LOUIS BREHM & CO.

Aug. 29th, 1866—1y.

SMITH'S FERRY AND LITTLE BEAVER PETROLEUM COMPANY!

CAPITAL STOCK..... $80,000.

80,000 Shares of Par Value of.....$1,00 each.

WORKING CAPITAL..... .... $13,000.

AT a meeting of the stockholders of the above company, held at their office in the borough of Rochester, April 29th, 1865, the following persons were elected its officers for the ensuing year:

PRESIDENT:
MATTISON DARRAGH.

TREASURER & SECRETARY:
CHARLES B. HURST.

DIRECTORS:

Mattison Darragh,	Milo R. Adams,
Charles Stone,	Alfred C. Hurst,
James Darragh,	John Bigger,
Levi Brennaman,	Robt. A. Cochran,
	Charles F. Kendall

☞A limited number of shares of Stock of the above Company may be had by application at the office of the company.

☞Office in the Diamond, Rochester, Pa. my3:6m CHAS. B. HURST, Sec'y

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AT

MOORE'S DRUG STORE,

IN BEAVER

May be found the best assortment of

DRUGS,
Medicines,
CHEMICALS
PURE
LIQUORS, WINES
And Brandies,
Paints, Oils,
AND
DYE STUFFS:
TOILET ARTICLES, SOAPS,
BRUSHES,
PATENT MEDICINES,

in great variety, all of the best quality, and sold cheaper than can be bought at any other Drug Store in the county.

Duponco's Female Pills 75 cents per box; Cheeseman's, $1: Clark's, $1.

The Largest stock of

Lamps and Lamp Trimmings, Lanterns, Stationery, Window Glass and Putty.

ever offered outside of the city, at Moore's Drug Store, and sold cheaper than can be bought anywhere else. Let those who doubt this call and see, and they will doubt no more

Dec13,'65. J. MOORE.

Grand Opening!

FOR THE

Fall Trade

OF 1866,

AT

F. A. Fortune's

CHEAP

DRY GOODS STORE,

IN THE

DIAMOND, ROCHESTER.

Our prices will astonish all who favor us with a call.

Goods of every description sold Cheaper than ever.

Brown Muslins at	10 cts
Bleached do	12 1-2
Good Prints,	12 1-2 a 15

Pants Stuffs,
Tickings,
Checks,
Ginghams,
Prints,
Canton Flannels,
Red & Yellow Flannels,
Barred & Striped do
Balmoral Skirts,
Hoop do
Boots and Shoes,
Hats and Caps,
Trimmings,
Ribbons,
Milliner Goods,
Etc., etc., etc.

☞The prices of the above Goods we warrant less than the same class of Goods can be bought for west of the mountains.

Dress Goods in endless variety,
French Merinos,
Coburgs,
Delaines,
Poplins,
Plaids,
Cashmeres,
Etc., etc., etc.,
Cheaper than ever!

Blankets and Blanket Shawls,

At great bargains.

Remember the place:

FORTUNE'S CHEAP STORE,
IN THE DIAMOND,
ROCHESTER, PA.

Come everybody, and see for yourselves before purchasing.

NO TROUBLE to SHOW GOODS.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY

DRY GOODS
FURS!
Cloaks & Shawls!

CHEAP! CHEAP!! CHEAP!

WE have just received one of the Largest and most Complete Stock of

DRY GOODS

Ever offered to the public in this city.

Also, a splendid assortment of

Ladies', Misses and Children's FURS & SHAWLS,

All qualities, styles and prices, at greatly reduced rates.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, RUGS, &c.

The Largest Stock and best Assortment of Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Matts, &c., ever offered and at extremely low prices.

Persons in want of anything in our line would do well to give us a call, as we are determined to sell our stock at prices which will astonish all.

☞*Remember the place:*

DUNLAP, LUKER & CO.,
136 Federal st, 4 doors below Market-square,
oct31:tjal1] ALLEGHENY CITY.

CRATE A. DICKEY.....R. A. WILSON.

WILSON & DICKEY'S
BEAVER
BOOT & SHOE
EMPORIUM.

WE WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM the public that we have opened a

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

BOOT AND SHOE STORE

IN BEAVER, PA.

Having purchased a large and selected Stock of

Ladies', Gent's, Boy's and Children's Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c.,

(Copper Tip Shoes & Boots)

direct from the manufacturer's, we are prepared to sell as cheap, if not cheaper, at any establishment in Pittsburg or this county.

As we intend to remain permanently in business, we will endeavor to always sell cheap, keep as great a variety and good an article as the eastern market affords.

Purchasers will do well to call and examine our goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere. *All goods warranted.*

DICKEY & WILSON,
3 Doors East of
Anderson's Store,
se26'66—1y Beaver, Pa.

☞ *INSTITUTE OF PRACTICAL DRAWING, SURVEYING, CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERING, 31 Fifth Street, (over the Allegheny Bank) Pittsburgh.*

Open from October 1st until April 1st.

It costs about $25 to be a good Draughtsman; $25 a practical Surveyor, and $50 a good practical Civil Engineer.

For a circular address A. [illegible], Principal, or W. S. HAYES, corner Wood and 3d streets, Pittsburgh. [ap28

BARBER.

HAIR-DRESSER, &c.

JAMES BRUIN is happy to announce to his old customers, that he has been discharged from the service of the United States and opened a shop in the frame building joining Wm. Orr's Store. Ladies' hair cut in the most approved style. He trusts his friends will renew their patronage. Having carried the flag of the 45th Reg U. S. C. T. for almost a year, in the battles around Petersburg, he thinks himself entitled to a share of the public patronage.

He has also opened a branch shop in a room in the north part of the Market House in Bridgewater, which will be kept open at seasonable hours.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair-cutting and Shampooing promptly attended to, and executed in the most approved style. [aug 8:3m

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ORPHANS' COURT SALE

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Beaver county, the undersigned guardian, legally appointed, of the estate of Alice Boston and John Ford, minor children of Patrick Ford, late of Beaver county, dec'd, will expose to public sale, on

FRIDAY, November 16th, 1866,

at ten o'clock A. M., on the premises, the following described lot of ground, situate in the borough of Fallston, county of Beaver aforesaid, viz: Lot numbered 14 in the plan of the lots of said borough, and bounded by lots of Thornily and others. The dower of the widow of Patrick Ford, deceased, will be released to the purchaser without additional charge.

TERMS.—One-half of the purchase money in hand on the confirmation of the sale by the court, balance in one year, with interest thereon, to be secured by bond and mortgage.

oct17,'66. D. L. IMBRIE, Guardian.

Fresh Arrival of

Prime Clear MOLASSES,

AND

Lovering's Extra New Orleans

SYRUP

For sale by A. S. HARVEY,

Bridgewater.

FRUIT TREES!

THE subscriber would request his friends to call and examine his fruit and ornamental trees, (including shrubery), before purchasing elsewhere, at his Prospect Hill Nursery, 3 miles east of New Brighton.

sept26'66—2mos. ELWOOD THOMAS.

$90 A MONTH!—AGENTS wanted for *six entirely new articles.* Cost 1ct. Address O. T. GAREY, City Reed, Biddeford, Me.